

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

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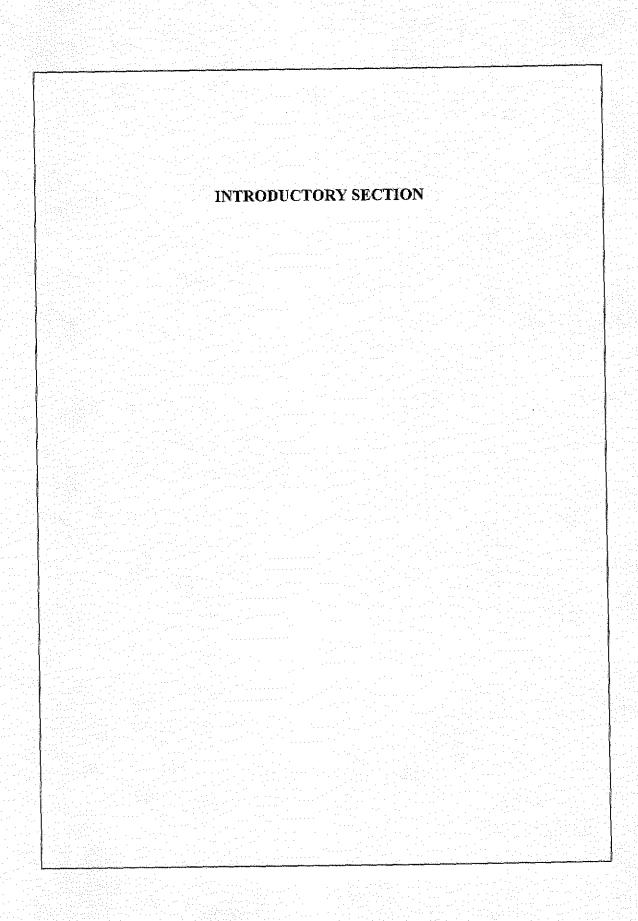
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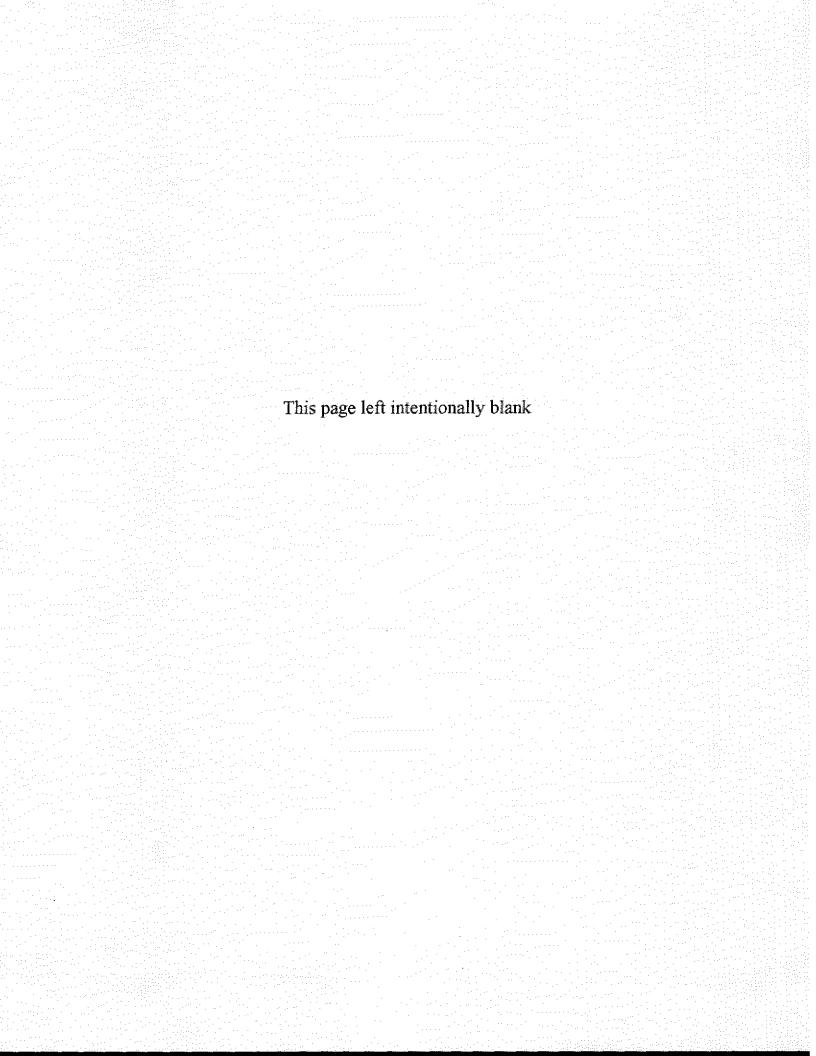
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CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPALITY AND STATE CAPITAL

November 22, 2005

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of Carson City:

The comprehensive annual financial report of Carson City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that Carson City issue annually a report on its financial position and activity, and that this report be audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of Carson City's activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and compliance. The introductory section, which is unaudited, includes this letter of transmittal, an organizational chart and a list of Carson City's principal elected and appointed officials. The financial section includes management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, as well as the independent auditor's report on these financial statements and schedules. The statistical section, which is unaudited, includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Carson City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of Government Auditing Standards and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the independent auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance, the schedule of findings and questioned costs and the summary schedule of prior audit findings are included in the compliance section.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Carson City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The financial reporting entity, Carson City, includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the Consolidated Municipality of Carson City as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Carson City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sewer and water services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; and culture and recreational activities.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the Redevelopment Authority is reported as special revenue, debt service and capital project funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. The Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau and Airport Authority are reported as discretely presented component units.

THE CITY AND ITS GOVERNING BODY

Carson City is the capital city of the State of Nevada. Carson City was founded as a trading post in 1858 and incorporated February 25, 1875. Carson City is a combined City and County governmental entity formed by the consolidation of the City of Carson City and Ormsby County on July 19, 1969.

Carson City has a land area of 147 square miles and an estimated population of 56,146 as of July 1, 2005. Real and personal taxable property located within the City has an estimated market value of \$4,106,670,735 and an assessed value of \$1,125,818,236.

The City operates under what is commonly known as a "council-manager" form of government which was established by charter and adopted by the State Legislature. Under this form of government, Carson City is governed by a mayor and four supervisors who are elected at large, on a non-partisan basis, for overlapping four year terms. The Board of Supervisors is a policy-making board, appointing a city manager to oversee daily operations.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Carson City is located in the Northwestern part of the State. Nevada's rate of growth in population is one of the highest in the country and is expected to continue over the next several years. The 2000 Census reported Carson City with a population of 52,457 which reflects a 30.5 percent increase over the 1990 population of 40,192. Carson City is expected to experience a steady growth rate. This growth has had a positive effect on local employment and the City's tax base.

In FY 04-05, Nevada's economy continued to grow. Statewide taxable sales increased by 14.2% for FY 04-05 compared to 12.8% for FY 03-04 and 5.6% for FY 02-03.

Carson City experienced an increase in taxable sales during the current fiscal year. In FY 04-05, Carson City's taxable sales increased 5.8% from the prior year compared to a 5.8% increase in FY 03-04 and a 3.2% decrease in FY 02-03.

The City's unemployment rate was 4.3% in FY 04-05, 5.0% in FY 03-04 and 5.8% in FY 02-03.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

FOR THE YEAR. During 2005, the City continued to work with the Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT) on planning for a \$230 million freeway bypass around downtown Carson City, of which the City's \$19 million share will be funded by a five cent fuel tax increase allowed by NRS 373. Construction began in 2000 with completion anticipated in 2006. NDOT has begun design on phase 2 of the project and the City has agreed to contribute an additional \$15 million.

FOR THE FUTURE. The City assumed a conservative posture in budgeting for FY 05-06 by using a 2.5% growth rate on existing taxable sales. A new Wal-Mart store opened in October, 2005, which is expected to generate an estimated one million per year of additional revenue. The City's operating plan provided \$402,162 to expand existing service levels. The City's approved capital budget in FY 05-06, totaling \$2,789,942, provides for the timely replacement of equipment and facilities.

The Carson City Board of Supervisors has identified several major areas of improvement in the next fiscal year:

- 1. Illegal drug use.
- 2. Upgrade water, sewer and storm drainage infrastructure.
- 3. Improve City facilities.
- 4. Downtown improvements.
- 5. Business retention and recruitment.
- 6. Extension of the V & T Railroad to Carson City.
- 7. Traffic circulation.
- 8. Diverse and affordable housing.
- 9. Employee training and development.

The fiscal year 2005-06 budget addresses each of these issues by providing resources and staffing.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The management of Carson City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control for the purpose of ensuring that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The objective of internal control is to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

SINGLE AUDIT. As a recipient of federal and state awards, Carson City is also responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs.

As a part of Carson City's single audit, described earlier, testing of internal control and compliance is performed as it relates to federal programs. The results of the single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 provided no instances of non-compliance with the requirements applicable to each of the City's major federal programs or matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that were considered to be material weaknesses.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS. The City maintains several budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 354, the Local Government Budget and Finance Act. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level of which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by function within an individual fund for governmental funds and the sum of operating and non-operating expenses in the proprietary funds.

The City's Internal Finance Committee, comprised of the City Manager, City Treasurer, Development Services Director, Director of Finance and the Human Resources Director, evaluates and reviews each department's budget in detail to determine annual funding levels. The budget is then presented to the citizens and the Board of Supervisors at several public hearings. After giving due consideration to public and staff comments, the Board adopts the final budget.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, Carson City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

CASH MANAGEMENT. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government Securities, corporate bonds and the State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool. The City follows the pooled cash concept which allows greater investment flexibility and greater investment returns. As of June 30, 2005, the City had total cash investments of \$84,187,556.

RISK MANAGEMENT. Carson City insures a portion of its risks and self-funds other. Property damage, general liability, law, errors and omissions, and auto are insured subject to a \$100,000 deductible per occurrence and, therefore, claims under \$100,000 are funded by the City. Other coverage currently held by the City includes applicable airport liability, boiler and machinery, and bonds for public officials. In addition, certain automobile damages are self-insured by the City. The Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) is used for the purpose of those self-insured areas discussed above and funding insurance premiums. Reserves are being accumulated to protect against future liability claims against the City as resources are available.

As of July 1, 2003, Carson City elected to become a member of the Public Agency Compensation Trust (PACT) for workers' compensation. The City pays an annual premium and there are no deductibles. The PACT is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$350,000/\$600,000 per insured event. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of these limits. The City retains liability for claims for the period from July 1, 1992 to June 30, 2003 when the City was self-insured. The Workers' Compensation Fund (an internal service fund) is used to account for the payment of insurance premiums and for funding the liability for the period when the City was self-insured.

OTHER INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDIT. State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Kafoury, Armstrong and Co. was selected by the City's audit committee. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's compliance reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Compliance Section.

AWARDS. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Carson City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Carson City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last fifteen consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has my sincere appreciation for the contribution made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Carson City Board of Supervisors and City Manager, the continued strengthening of the City's finances and the continued dedication to financial excellence would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

Thomas Minton, CPA

Director of Finance/Controller

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Carson City, Nevada

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2004

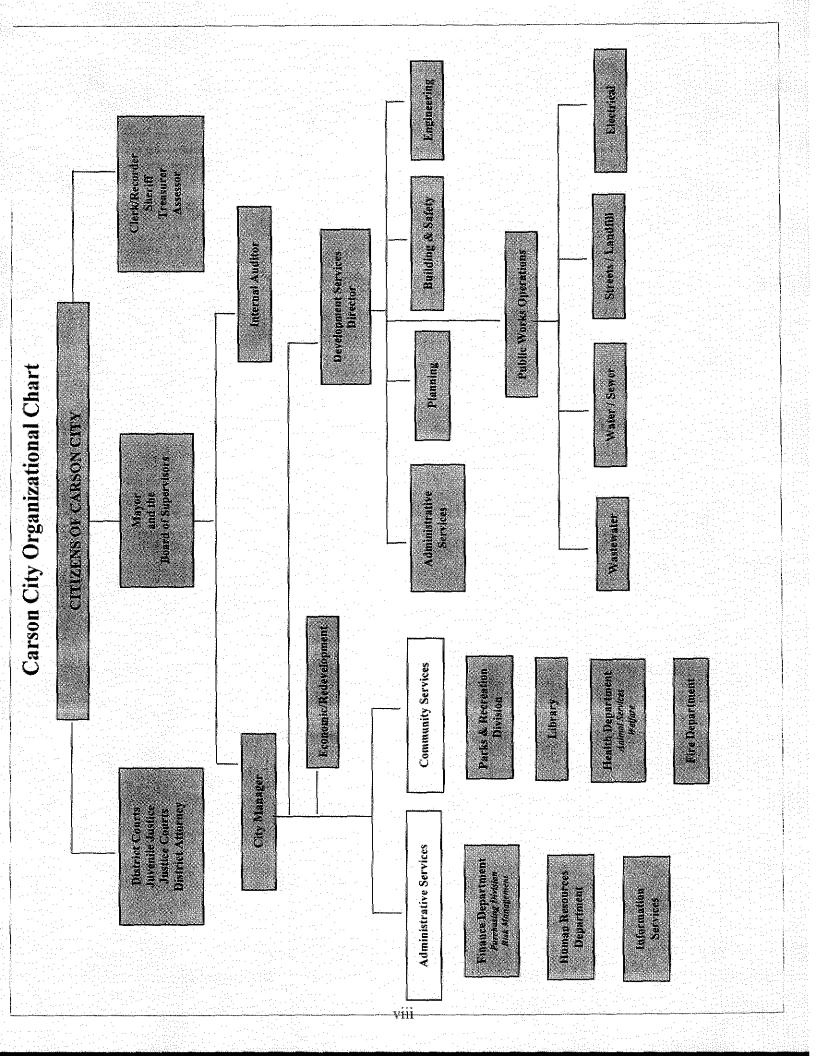
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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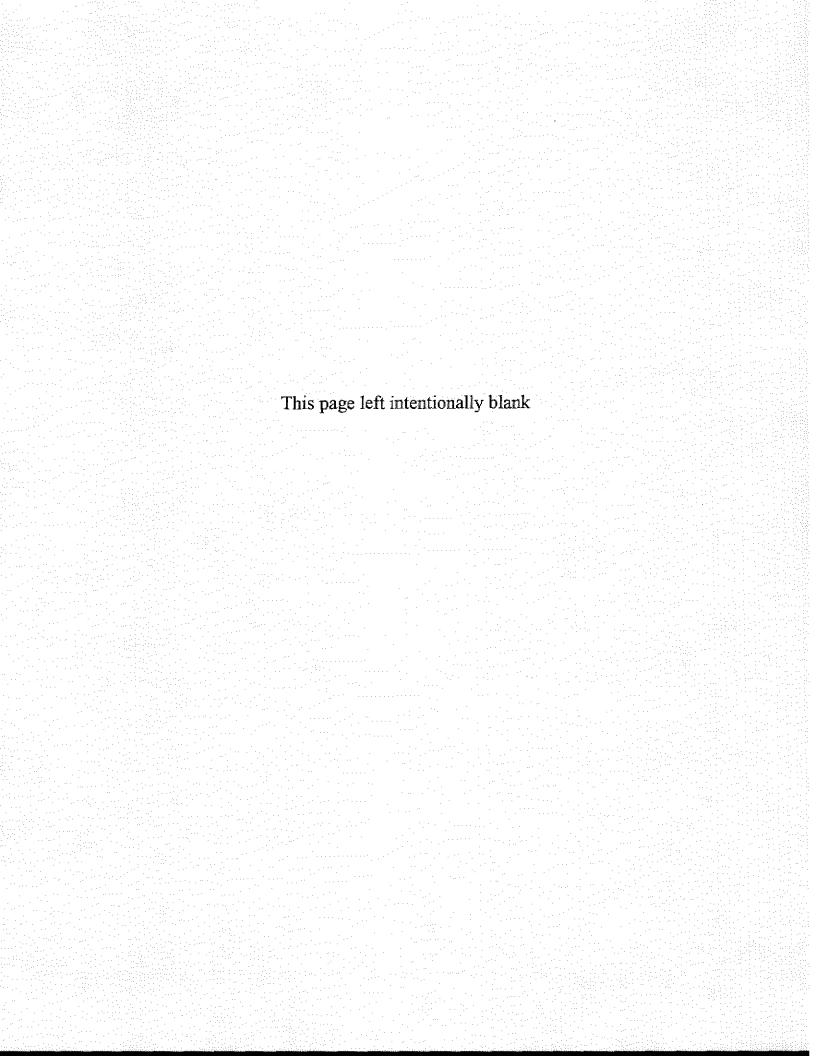
Executive Director



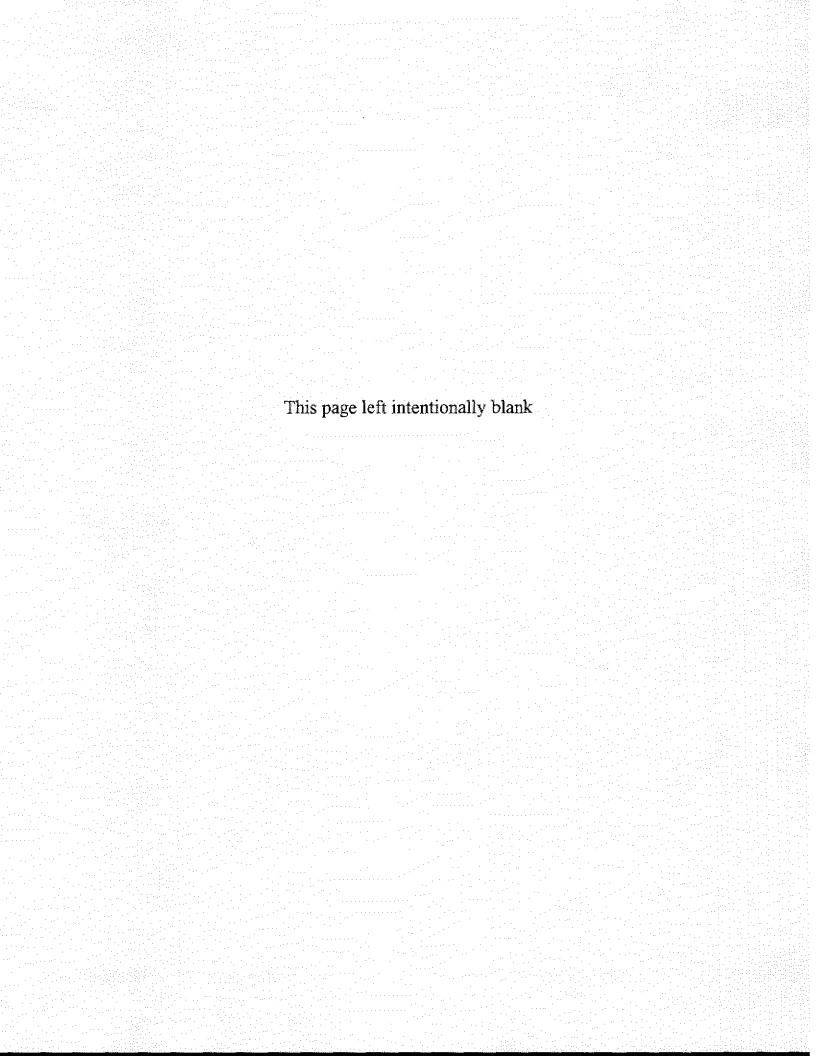
CARSON CITY LISTING OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FY 2005

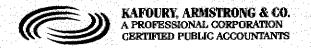
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Mayor	Mary Teixeira
Supervisor, Ward 1	Pete Livermore
Supervisor, Ward 2	Shelly Aldean
Supervisor, Ward 3	Robin Williamson
Supervisor, Ward 4	Richard Staub
Assessor	Dave Dawley
Treasurer	Al Kramer
District Attorney	Noel Waters
District Court I	Judge Michael Griffin
District Court II	Judge William Maddox
Justice of the Peace	Judge Robey Willis
Justice of the Peace	Judge John Tatro
Clerk-Recorder	Alan Glover
Sheriff	Ken Furlong
City Manager	Linda Ritter
Finance Director/Risk Manager	Tom Minton
Information Services Director	Kevin Haggerty
Community Development Director	Walter Sullivan
Economic/Redevelopment Director	Joe McCarthy
Cooperative Extension Director	JoAnn Skelly
Library Director	Sally Edwards
Health Director	Daren Winkleman
Juvenile Special Master	David Nielsen
Chief Juvenile Probation Officer	Sheila Banister
Parks and Recreation Director	Roger Moellendorf
Fire Chief	Stacey Giomi
Internal Auditor	Vacant
Senior Center Director	Janice McIntosh
Human Resources Manager	Lisa Roth
Development Services Director	Andrew Burnham
City Engineer	Larry Werner
Utilities Operations Manager	Tom Hoffert
Streets Operations Manager	John Flansberg
Chief Building Official	Phil Herrington



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Supervisors, Carson City, Nevada

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carson City, Nevada, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise Carson City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Carson City, Nevada. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Airport Authority of Carson City, Nevada or the Carson City Convention and Visitors Bureau, both of which are discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component units, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Airport Authority of Carson City, Nevada and the Carson City Convention and Visitors Bureau were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carson City, Nevada, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Quality of Life major special revenue fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2005 on our consideration of Carson City, Nevada's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3A through 3K is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Carson City, Nevada's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements, individual nonmajor fund financial schedules, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Carson City, Nevada. The combining statements, individual nonmajor fund financial schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Kafoury, Armotrong · Co

Reno, Nevada November 22, 2005

Carson City, Nevada Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Carson City, Nevada (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-vi of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$193,713,434 (net assets). Of this amount, \$33,610,333 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$11,089,671. Approximately, half of this increase is attributable to capital assets contributed by developers, connection fees in the Sewer and Water funds and an increase in investment earnings.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$48,529,043, an increase of \$9,253,117 in comparison with the prior year. \$47,981,353 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$11,052,156, or 23 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total bonded debt increased by \$16,544,415 (20 percent) during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase were the issuance of general obligation revenue bonds in the amount of \$6,815,000 to finance various parks projects, \$9,000,000 for the Water Fund and \$6,000,000 for the Stormwater Drainage Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components:1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus,

revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, judicial, public works, health, welfare, community support, airport, economic opportunity, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, ambulance, cemetery, landfill, building permits and stormwater drainage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate airport authority and a legally separate convention and visitors' bureau for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Redevelopment Authority, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 4-7 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains twenty-five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Quality of Life Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund statements and schedules elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and for each of its special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of the City's governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and the Quality of Life Fund, major governmental funds, are located in the basic financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules for the nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the individual funds statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 8-13 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, ambulance, cemetery, landfill, building permit, and stormwater drainage operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its group medical insurance, workers' compensation, insurance and fleet management. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and stormwater drainage operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Data from the other four enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund statements and schedules elsewhere in this report. Individual fund statements and schedules elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-23 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-25 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-50 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and enterprise funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 51-152 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$193,713,434 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (73 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Carson City's Net Assets

	Govern activ			ss-type rities	Total		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005 2004		
Current and other assets \$	60,884,587	\$ 51,125,087	\$ 37,506,504	\$ 28,488,358	\$ 98,391,091 \$ 79,613,445		
Capital assets	101,073,612	93,669,652	117,043,695	108,782,698	218,117,307 202,452,350		
Total assets	161,958,199	144,794,739	154,550,199	137,271,056	316,508,398 282,065,795		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	51,385,190	43,710,497	56,170,834	44,414,162	107,556,024 88,124,659		
Other liabilities	9,190,106	8,718,386	6,048,834	2,598,987	15,238,940 11,317,373		
Total liabilities	60,575,296	52,428,883	62,219,668	47,013,149	122,794,964 99,442,032		
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	69,600,063	63,816,236	71,872,037	70,977,186	[41,472,100 [34,793,422		
Restricted	16,085,638	14,316,416	2,545,363	2,482,872	18,631,001 16,799,288		
Unrestricted	15,697,202	14,233,204	17,913,131	16,797,849	33,610,333 31,031,053		
Total net assets S	101,382,903	\$ 92,365,856	\$ 92,330,531	\$ 90,257,907	\$ 193,713,434 \$ 182,623,763		

An additional portion of the City's net assets (10 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (\$33,610,333) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The City's net assets increased by \$11,089,671 during the current fiscal year. A majority of this increase represents the degree to which ongoing revenues have exceeded ongoing expenses in the governmental activities. The remaining increase was the result of increases in investment income in the governmental and business-type activities and capital assets contributed by developers and connection fees in the Sewer and Water Funds.

Carson City's Changes in Net Assets

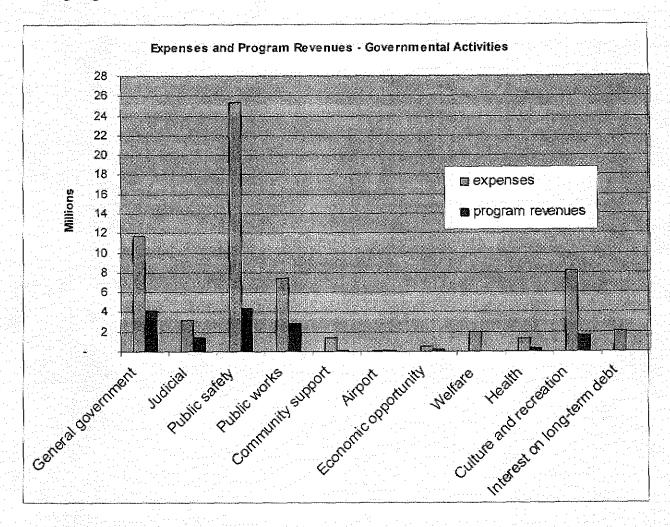
	Governmental Activities		Busines Activi		Total		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Revenues;							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	S 6,995,677	s 6,287,043	\$ 17,884,199	\$ 17,437,463	\$ 24,879,876	\$ 23,724,506	
Operating grants and contributions	6,003,596	3,351,158	31,080	44,830	6,034,676	3,395,988	
Capital grants and contributions	2,211,437	568,537	5,150,750	2,934,428	7,362,187	3,502,965	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	14,399,482	13,622,347	n de de la companya	•	14,399,482	13,622,347	
Other taxes	40,131,821	37,053,583			40,131,821	37,053,583	
Other	1,389,526	381,467	691,631	(18,239)	2,081,157	363,228	
Total Revenues	71,131,539	61,264,135	23,757,660	20,398,482	94,889,199	81,662,617	
Expenses:							
General government	11,732,939	10,368,245			11,732,939	10,368,245	
Judicial	3,158,460	2,826,724			3,158,460	2,826,724	
Public safety	25,320,788	21,632,395	•		25,320,788	21,632,395	
Public works	7,462,191	7,389,511			7,462,191	7,389,511	
Community support	1,476,257	5,805,226	•		1,476,257	5,805,226	
Airport	126,043	270,425			126,043	270,425	
Economic opportunity	520,190	243,268			520,190	243,268	
Welfare	1,915,957	1,482,239			1,915,957	1,482,239	
Health	1,320,958	1,040,547			1,320,958	1,040,547	
Culture and recreation	8,184,715	7,368,395			8,184,715	7,368,395	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,126,197	1,486,850			2,126,197	1,486,850	
Land[5][1,058,363	1,534,489	1,058,363	1,534,489	
Ambulance			2,599,930	2,635,082	2,599,930	2,635,082	
Sewer			7,164,159	7,044,425	7,164,159	7.044,425	
Water			7,670,393	7,385,857	7,670,393	7,385,857	
Cemetery			199,167	193,136	199,167	193,136	
Building Permits			1,476,259	1,419,040	1,476,259	1,419,040	
Stormwater Drainage		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	286,562	21,170	286,562	21,170	
Total Expenses	63,344,695	59,913,825	20,454,833	20,233,199	83,799,528	80,147,024	
Increase in net assets before transfers	7,786,844	1,350,310	3,302,827	165,283	11,089,671	1,515,593	
Transfers	1,230,203	(38,651)	(1,230,203)	38,651			
Increase in net assets	9,017,047	1,311,659	2,072,624	203,934	11,089,671	1,515,593	
Net assets - July 1	92,365,856	91,054,197	90,257,907	90,053,973	182,623,763	181,108,170	
Net assets - June 30	\$ 101,382,903	\$ 92,365,856	\$ 92,330,531	\$ 90,257,907	\$ 193,713,434	\$ 182,623,763	

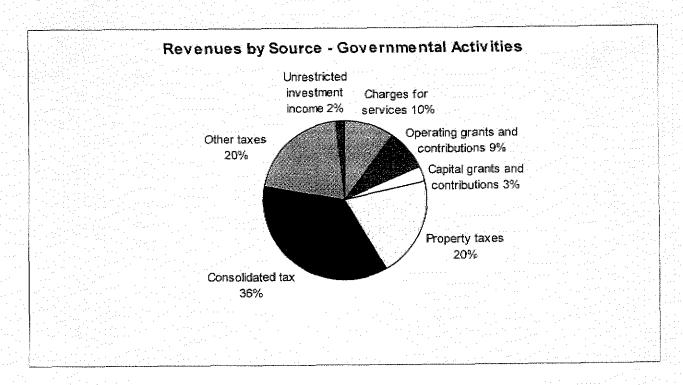
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$9,017,047, an increase of \$7,705,388 from the prior year. Key elements of the change from prior year are as follows:

- Consolidated tax increased by \$1,833,407 (8 percent) during the year. Most of this increase is the result of the increase in taxable sales.
- \$4 million decrease in community support expenditures due to payments to Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau from the bond proceeds for the Virginia and Truckee Railroad Project in the prior year.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$1.6 million due to contributions of infrastructure from developers in the current year.
- Unrestricted investment income increased \$1.1 million from the prior year due to an increase in the fair value of investments.

Program revenues for governmental activities provided 24 percent of the resources necessary to pay the cost of providing program services. The remaining program costs were financed with general revenues.

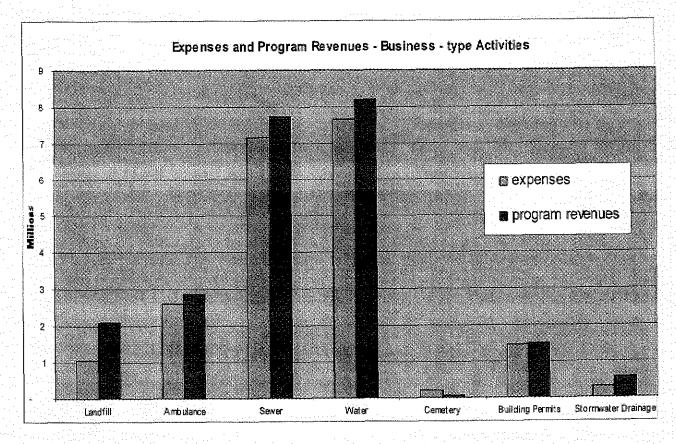
The largest general revenues are consolidated tax of \$25,661,323 and property taxes of \$14,399,482.

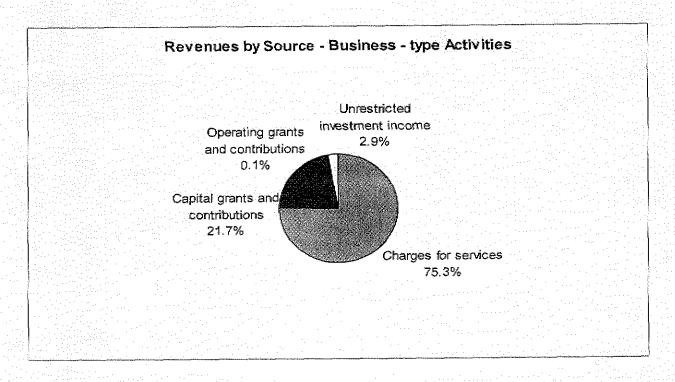




Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$2,072,624, accounting for 19 percent of the total growth in the City's net assets. Investment earnings increased by \$700,000 because of an overall increase in the size of the investment portfolio, as well as an increase in the fair value of investments. Connection fees in the Sewer and Water funds increased \$1.6 million from the prior year due to an increase in commercial development.

Sewer and water expenses represent 73 percent of total expenses for business-type activities.





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$48,529,043, an increase of \$9,253,117 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$47,981,353 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) for unspent donations (\$188,063), 2) for judicial programs (\$275,486), or 3) for a variety of other restricted purposes (\$84,141).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$11,052,156, while total fund balance reached \$11,598,981. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 23 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 24 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$334,382 during the current fiscal year, a decrease of \$3,005,949 from the prior year. Key elements of the change from prior year are as follows:

 Consolidated taxes increased by \$1.8 million over the prior year as a result of an increase in sales tax collections offset in part by an increase in ongoing expenditures. • Transfers out increased by \$3.7 million from the prior year. A portion of this increase is due to the transfer of \$900,000 to the Stabilization Fund and \$750,000 to the Insurance Fund to offset the cost of various lawsuit settlements. The remaining increase of \$2 million is due to an increase in the amount allocated to capital programs in the current fiscal year.

The Quality of Life Fund has a total fund balance of \$12,971,839, all of which is unreserved except for \$358. The fund balance increased by \$7,028,776 during the current fiscal year, an increase of \$6,249,902 over the prior year. Key elements of the change from prior year are as follows:

- The issuance of \$5,835,000 in bonds for various park improvements.
- The issuance of \$3,028,000 in notes for the purchase of property for open space.
- \$2.9 million purchase of property for open space.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets at the end of the year amounted to \$9,436,572 in the Sewer Fund, \$6,963,299 for the Water Fund, and (\$694,699) for the Stormwater Drainage Fund. The total growth (decline) in net assets for the funds was \$1,008,583, \$680,867, and (\$860,662), respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budgeted appropriations increased \$3,657,669 between the original budget and the final amended budget. The increase can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$3.2 million increase in expenditures due to carryover of grants and donations from the prior year and current year increase in grants and donations.
- Carryover of program costs from the prior year budget amounting to \$150,000 allocated to various departments.
- \$80,000 increase due to capital lease acquisitions for various departments.
- \$110,000 increase in various department services offset by increases in charges for services.

Of this increase, \$3.1 million was to be funded out of grant and donation carryovers from the prior year and current year increases in these revenues. Approximately \$110,000 was funded from charges for services, \$80,000 from capital leases, and the remaining \$250,000 was to be budgeted from available fund balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2005, amounts to \$218,117,307 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and water rights. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 8 percent (an 8 percent increase for governmental activities and an 8 percent increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• Donated infrastructure (streets, curb and gutter) from developers was valued at \$1.6 million.

• Purchase of land for open space at a cost of approximately \$2.9 million.

• \$1.2 million for the purchase of equipment funded by U.S. Department of Homeland Security grants.

• \$700,000 for vehicle replacement program and buses for transit system.

• \$600,000 for lighting improvements at park facility.

 A variety of street construction projects are on-going, such as widening and expansion projects, at a cost of approximately \$1.0 million.

• \$8.0 million for improvements to increase capacity of the water system.

Carson City's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	imental xivities			Business-type activities			Total		
	2005	2004		2005		2004		2005	2004
Land	\$ 20,929,040	\$ 17,448,539	\$	1,513,454	s	1,495,305	S	22,442,494	\$ 18,943,844
Construction in progress/infrastructure	818,380	1,675,994		-				818,380	1,675,994
Construction in progress	4,724,128	7,705,764		15,028,756		8,997,302		19,752,884	16,703,066
Buildings	44,643,143	41,854,518		10,069,880		10,149,699		54,713,023	52,004,217
Improvements other than buildings	12,239,726	12,486,942		79,417,032		77,629,463		91,656,758	90,116,405
Mackinery and equipment	9,417,740	7,508,089		3,007,313		2,503,669		12,425,053	10,011,758
Înfrastructure	8,301,455	4,989,806		-		-		8,301,455	4,989,806
Water rights		-		8,007,260		8,007,260		8,007,260	8,007,260
Total	\$ 101,073,612	\$ 93,669,652	s	117,043,695	5	108,782,698	s	218,117,307	\$ 202,452,350

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 3-B on pages 37-41 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$99,575,095. Of this amount, \$92,245,095 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Carson City's Outstanding Debt

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

		Govern activ	imental rities		ess-type vities	Total
		2005	2004	2005	2004	2005 2004
	General obligation bonds S	37,953,154	\$ 32,973,990	\$ 54,291,941	\$ 42,171,690	\$ 92,245,095 \$ 75,145,680
	Special assessment debt with governmental commitment	•	215,000	- - 	•	- 215,000
-	Revenue bonds	7,330,000	7,670,000	-		7,330,000 7,670,000
-	Total \$	45,283,154	\$ 40,858,990	\$ 54,291,94L	\$ 42,171,690	\$ 99,575,095 \$ 83,030,680

The City's total bonded debt increased by \$16,544,415 (20 percent) during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase were the issuance of general obligation revenue bonds in the amount of \$9,000,000 for the Water Fund, \$6,000,000 for the Stormwater Drainage Fund and \$6,815,000 for various parks projects.

The City maintains an "A+" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "A1" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue up to 15 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$172,194,764, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 3-D on pages 42-47 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

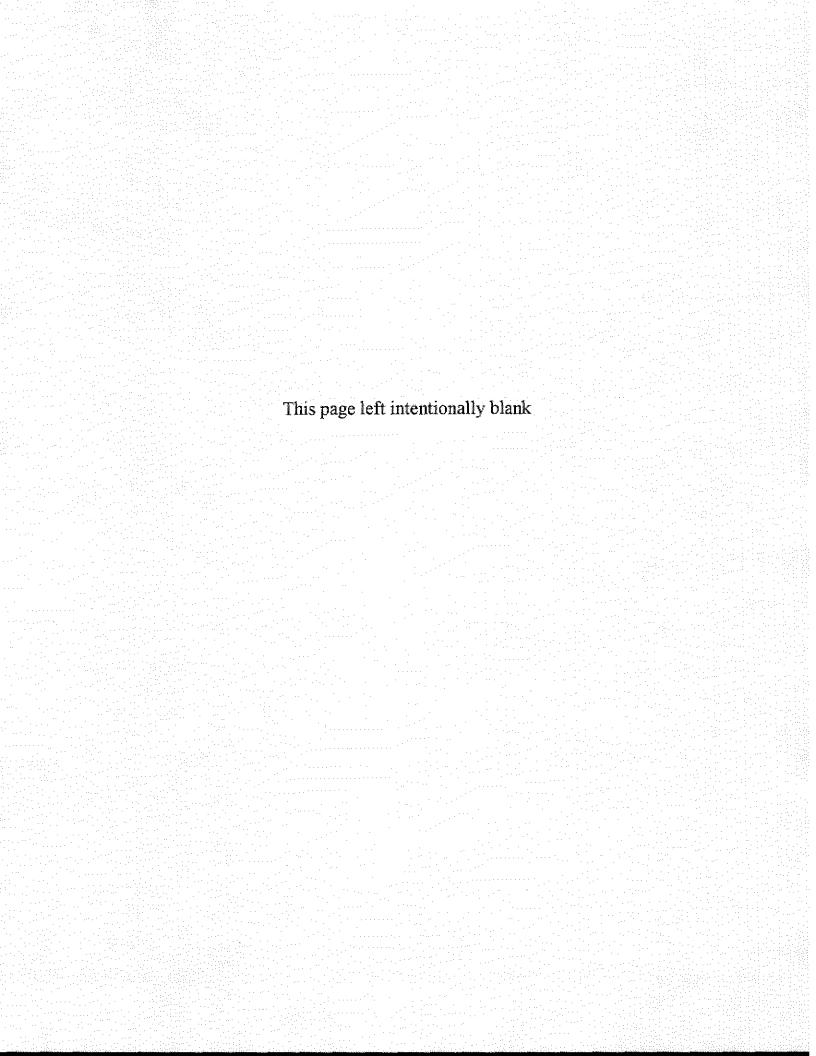
During the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the General Fund decreased \$401,456 to \$11,052,156. The City has appropriated \$8,959,556 of this amount for spending in the 2006 fiscal year budget.

Looking forward to fiscal 2005-06, total revenue growth excluding grants is projected to be 4.9 percent. While Carson City will continue to experience the effects of regional retail competition, taxable sales remain strong in the automotive, building materials and wholesale durable goods sectors. The City's assessed value grew 5.3 percent in fiscal 2004-05 to 1.126 billion and 7 percent in fiscal 2005-06 to 1.204 billion. The Board of Supervisors took the following actions in the fiscal 2005-06 budget:

- · Identified \$402,162 of ongoing revenues for service level enhancements which include:
 - > On call Juvenile Youth Counselor
 - > 1.5 Justice Court Technicians
 - > CASA ongoing grant
 - > Economic Development professional services
 - ➤ Park Maintenance Worker
 - > Information Services travel and training
 - > Child safety seat program
 - > Property Appraiser Tech
 - ➤ Debt Service Future Projects
- Provided \$2.8 million in one shot and capital spending.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Carson City Finance Department, 201 N. Carson Street, Suite 3, Carson City, Nevada 89701.



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	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

		PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
			ERNMENTAL		INESS-TYPE		
중요시작의 나는 살림을 하고 있는데 우리 집에 어디다니다.		. <u>A</u>	CTIVITIES	<u>A</u> (CTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS			an maki nima		00 500 500		#0 200 C00
Cash and investments		\$	47,789,876	\$	30,599,733	\$	78,389,609
Receivables (net of allowances			1,755,483		1,878,797		3,634,280
for uncollectibles)		Salara	9,328,823		1,772,684		11,101,507
Due from other governments Due from component units			12,635		. E ₃ 772 ₃ 00 4		12,635
Due from primary government			12,000			1000	12,000
Internal balances			507,155		(507,155)		
Inventories			119,439		262,373		381,812
Prepaids	100		74,462		1,072		75,534
Restricted assets:			·				
Cash and investments			919,400		2,985,368		3,904,768
Other assets			377,314		513,632	100	890,946
Capital assets (net of				100			
accumulated depreciation):							
Land	· ·	٠.	20,929,040		1,513,454		22,442,494
Construction in progress - infrastructure			818,380				818,380
Construction in progress			4,724,128		15,028,756	1	19,752,884
Buildings			44,643,143		10,069,880		54,713,023
Improvements other than buildings			12,239,726		79,417,032		91,656,758
Machinery and equipment			9,417,740		3,007,313		12,425,053
Infrastructure			8,301,455		ያ ሰስጣ ካፋስ	+ +1,	8,301,455
Water rights	A CARLOS CONTRACTOR	· <u>1</u>			8,007,260		8,007,260
Total Assets			161,958,199		154,550,199		316,508,398
TUME ASSES		·	101,736,177		124,220,127		210,200,220
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses			6,016,249		4,628,765		10,645,014
Accrued interest payable			440,278		408,745		849,023
Due to other governments			786,361	ag in series	216,724		1,003,085
Due to component units		100	109,477		·		109,477
Due to primary government					• · · · · ·	4.57	
Unearned revenue			147,571		339,290		486,861
Other liabilities			834,040		15,305		849,345
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets			856,130		440,005		1,296,135
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year			3,033,032		. 3,393,285		6,426,317
Due in more than one year		. <u> </u>	48,352,158		52,777,549		101,129,707
	100				*********		100 00 1001
Total Liabilities			60,575,296		62,219,668		122,794,964
NATION A CLESSOPHIC							
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt			69,600,063		71,872,037		141,472,100
Restricted for:			02,000,000		/ 1,0/2,00/		141,412,100
General government			38,617				38,617
Public safety			209,234		_	11.00	209,234
Judicial			204,059		•	100	204,059
Public works			5,489,797				5,489,797
Health			84,737	4		1.0	84,737
Culture and recreation	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1.4	7,810,452				7,810,452
Welfare			42,649			1.	42,649
Capital projects		110	549,364		erê girti 🐷 Mê.		549,364
Debt service			426,500		_		426,500
Claims		·	1,230,229				1,230,229
Emergency replacement			<u>.</u>		2,545,363	1100	2,545,363
Unrestricted		<u> </u>	15,697,202		17,913,131		33,610,333
Total net assets		\$	101,382,903	\$	92,330,531	\$	193,713,434
"这里,我想想要我们,我是我们,还是要是是我们,一里没有的老师,我们也不是一个一点,一个一点,这个一点,我们也不是	e jaron ee e indi						teur une en la

	COMPON	ENT U	VITS
	RPORT HORITY	AND	VENTION VISITORS JREAU
AUI	HORIFI		MEMU
8	453,475	\$	5,334,936
	10,064		176,453
			41,000
	103,998		5,479
			10,438
	8,900		330
			÷ .
	245,093		-
	146,542		•
Totalisa Baranga			-
			95,984
			2,618
	62,468		6,618
	•		
			
	1,030,540		5,673,856
	22,266		53,226
			9,37 <i>6</i>
	•		7,510
			12,635
auth Mailtean	51,424		80,060
			00,000 -
	tere i di dia kacamatan di dia kacamatan di dia kacamatan di di dia kacamatan di di Nasaran di		
	6,240		48,522
	238,853		40,000
·	318,783		203,819
g me			
	209,010		105,220
	•		3,440
			•
	ore de la callet Grand de la callet Grand de la callet		4,328,146
	•		299,638
	502,747		- 733,593
	4,54		
S	711,757	\$	5,470,037

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		PROGRAM REVENUES			
			OPERATING	CAPITAL	
	AND THE PROPERTY OF	CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND	
TELEPROMETERS	EXPENSES	<u>SERVICES</u>	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	
UNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Approximation of the second	erik Managarak	and the second of the second		
Primary government:					
Governmental Activities:	\$ 11,732,939	\$ 3,025,997	\$ 1,086,456	\$	
General government Judicial	3,158,460	1,420,357	52,305		
Public safety	25,320,788	953,268	3,408,974	5.325	
Public works	7,462,191	127.930	524,040	2,182,990	
	1,476,257	120,900	78,155		
Community support	126,043	en de periodo (E. C.). Pereodo (E. C.)	79,038		
Airport Economic opportunity	520,190		194,611		
Welfare	1,915,957		26,248		
Wenare Health	1,320,958	99.467	279,325		
Culture and recreation	8,184,715	1,368,658	274,444	23,122	
Debt Service:	0,104,710	1,000,000			
Interest and fiscal charges	2,126,197	***			
Total Governmental Activities	63,344,695	6,995,677	6,003,596	2,211,437	
Business-Type Activities:					
Landfill	1,058,363	2,101,413	3,817		
Ambulance	2,599,930	2,878,935	_		
Sewer	7,164,159	5,038,171		2,688,261	
Water	7,670,393	5,696,364	26,427	2,462,489	
Cemetery	199,167	81,897	836		
Building Permits	1,476,259	1,514,599			
Stormwater Drainage	286,562	572,820			
Total Business-Type Activities	20,454,833	17,884,199	31,080	5,150,750	
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 83,799,528</u>	\$ 24,879,876	5 6,034,676	\$ 7,362,187	
Component units:					
Airport Authority	\$ 251,376	172,417	74,098	\$ -	
Convention and Visitors' Bureau	1,163,616	27,298	48,500		
Total Component Units	\$ 1,414,992	\$ 199,715	\$ £22,598	\$	

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Consolidated tax

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Room taxes

Motor vehicle fuel tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment income

Miscellaneous revenue

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

NET ASSETS, JULY 1

NET ASSETS, JUNE 30

See accompanying notes.

	XPENSE) REVENUE ANGES IN NET ASSE		COMPONENT UNITS		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	AIRPORT AUTHORITY	CONVENTION AND VISITORS' BUREAU	
S (7,620,486)	\$	\$ (7,620,486)	\$ -	\$	
(1,685,798)		(1,685,798)			
(20,953,221)		(20,953,221)			
(4,627,231)		(4,627,231)	and seems are set	•	
(1,398,102)		(1,398,102)	•		
(47,005)		(47,005)	*		
(325,579)		(325,579)	*		
(1,889,709)		(1,889,709)	-		
(942,166)		(942,166)	*		
(6,518,491)		(6,518,491)	·		
22 102 1020		75 197 10TV			
(2,126,197)		(2,126,197)			
(48,133,985)		(48,133,985)			
	1,046,867	1,046,867	1		
	279,005	279,005			
	562,273	562,273			
	514,887 (116,434)	514,887 (116,434)			
	38,340	38,340			
	286,258	286,258		<u>.</u>	
	2,611,196	2,611,196			
(48,133,985)	2,611,196	(45,522,789)	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			u Tuis		
			(4,861)	(1,087,818	
			(4,861)	(1,087,818	
14,399,482		14,399,482	74,772		
4,856,154		4,856,154	organista Alignatus (1991) — M oral (1991)		
25,661,323		25,661,323		<u>.</u>	
4,081,139		4,081,139	.		
4,193,053		4,193,053			
			• • •	1,292,417	
1,340,152		1,340,152		See galaka aya 🔭 ka	
576		576		a Anna	
1,197,060	691,631	1,888,691	6,692	109,824	
191,890 1,230,203	(1,230,203)	191,890 -		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
57,151,032	(538,572)	56,612,460	81,464	1,402,241	
4 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			,		
9,017,047	2,072,624	11,089,671	76,603	314,423	
92,365,856	90,257,907	182,623,763	635,154	5,155,614	
\$ 101,382,903	\$ 92,330,531	\$ 193,713,434	\$ 711,757	\$ 5,470,037	

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	GENERAL		QUALITY OF LIFE	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS	ODINDICID		OI DIED		
Cash and investments	S 7,050,443	5	12,610,816	\$ 24,606,641	\$ 44,267,900
Receivables (net of allowances					and the second of the second o
for uncollectibles):					
Taxes, delinquent	75,969			19,661	95,630
Accounts receivable	1,100.591		•	21,325	1,121,916
Interest	510,366		•		510,366
Due from other funds	545,000				545,000
Due from other governments	6,214,362		433,133	2,644,337	9,291,832
Due from component units	11,680			955	12,635
Inventories	9,679				9,679
	73,597		358	507	74,462
Prepaid items	الردادا		220		
Restricted assets:	90 4 221	1.5		22,069	919,400
Cash and investments	897,331		<u> </u>	22,000	
Total Assets	\$ 16,489,018	<u> </u>	13,044,307	<u>\$ 27,315,495</u>	<u>\$ 56,848,820</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:			garan katapaten ka		والمعاور مرسيد
Accounts payable	\$ 789,853	- \$	54,719	\$ 1,839,949	\$ 2,684,521
Accrued interest payable	•			17,987	17,987
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,781,541		17,749	123,009	2,922,299
Payable from restricted assets	834,061		•	22,069	856,130
Due to other funds	_			545,000	545,000
Due to other governments	123,344		e e garanti de <u>L</u> a dia	663,017	786,361
Due to component units	74,772			34,705	109,477
Other liabilities	145,887		_		145,887
Deferred revenue	90,783			13,761	104,544
Unearned revenue	49,796			97,775	147,571
Total Liabilities	4,890,037	<u> </u>	72,468	3,357,272	8,319,777
Fund balances:			****		Delice and Green and Control
Reserved for inventory	9,679	}			9,679
Reserved for gifts and donations	188,063				188,063
Reserved for administrative	100,000		the transfer of		
assessments	81,600				81,606
Reserved for courts	155,694				155,694
Reserved for Co. Recorder technology	38.180				38,186
	73,591		358	507	74,462
Reserved for prepaid items	الإنباك)		230		
Unreserved, reported in:	Andreas Comment	1			
General fund:	The second section is a second second		artina di Salah		
Designated for subsequent					0.000.000
year's expenditures	8,959,550				8,959,556
Undesignated	2,092,600)	•		2,092,600
Special revenue funds:					
Designated for subsequent					
year's expenditures	•		4,579,324	5,720,786	10,300,110
Undesignated			8,392,157	13,657,762	22,049,919
Debt service funds	and the second s			1,647,592	1,647,592
Capital projects funds			<u> </u>	2,931,576	2,931,576
Total Fund Balances	11,598,98	1	12,971,839	23,958,223	48,529,043
off at the condition of the case of the control of					

CARSON CITY RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (page 8)			\$ 48,529,043
g on the second			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement			
of net assets (pages 4-5) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not			
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported		and the second	
in the governmental funds.	•	131,200,325	
Governmental capital assets	A Company of the Comp	(30,134,30 <u>0)</u>	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(30,134,300)	101,066,025
			101,000,023
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due			
and payable in the current period and, therefore, are			
not reported in the governmental funds.		(910,000)	
General obligation bonds payable		(37,043,154)	
General obligation revenue bonds payable		(3,598,036)	
Notes payable		(7,330,000)	
Revenue bonds payable		967,292	
Loss on bond refunding		(88,607)	
Less: current year amortization		206,658	
Issuance discount		(8,244)	
Less: current year amortization		390,153	
Deferred charge for issuance costs		(12,839)	
Less: current year amortization Capital leases payable		(82,473)	
Compensated absences		(3,331,198)	
Compensated absences		(2322323	(50,840,448)
Interest payable		and the second of the second	(422,291)
microsi payaore			
Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not			
available to fund current expenditures and, therefore,			
are not reported in the governmental funds.			104,544
are not reported in the go vertamental resser-			
Internal service funds are used by management to charge			
the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net			
assets of the internal service funds are reported			
with governmental activities.			2,438,875
A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY AND A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF T			
Internal balances are receivable from business-type activity	ties.		507,155
Net Assets - Governmental Activities (pages 4-5)		en e	\$ 101,382,903
		the state of the s	

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	GENERAL	QUALITY OF LIFE	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 10,787,005	\$ 2,427,960	\$ 10,012,922	\$ 23,227,887
Licenses and permits	5,688,240	•		5,688,240
Intergovernmental revenues	29,529,628		4,111,189	33,640,817
Charges for services	6,822,554	2,145	172,693	6,997,392
Fines and forfeits	847,606		54,930	902,536
Miscellaneous	762,005	264,375	1,095,283	2,121,663
Total Revenues	54,437,038	2,694,480	15,447,017	72,578,535
Expenditures:				
Current				
General government	12,012,590		1,985,717	13,998,307
Public safety	22,532,451		3,081,788	25,614,239
Judicial	2,984,486		108,979	3,093,465
Public works	2,675,588		7,765,819	10,441,407
Health	1,284,469		247,872	1,532,341
Welfare	431,953		1,479,829	1,911,782 11,169,367
Culture and recreation	5,930,933	3,774,508	1,463,926	752,965
Community support	381,162		371,803	79,038
Airport	242.207		79,038 250,655	593,042
Economic opportunity	342,387		306,392	306,392
Capital outlay Debt service:	•		300,000	
Principal retirement			2,576,513	2,576,513
Interest and fiscal charges			1,958,684	1,958,684
Total Expenditures	48,576,019	3,774,508	21,677,015	74,027,542
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	5,861,019	(1,080,028)	(6,229,998)	(1,449,007)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sales of surplus property	4,513		36,100	40,613
Bonds issued	79-1-1	5,835,000	980,000	6,815,000
Notes issued		3,028,000		3,028,000
Capital leases	85.749	3,020,000		85,749
Transfers in	169,164		9,792,279	9,961,443
Transfers out	(6,454,827)	(692,154)	(2,015,351)	(9,162,332)
Discount on bonds issued		(62,042)	(4,307)	(66,349)
Total Other Financing		anderson de la companya de la compan		
Sources (Uses)	(6,195,401)	8,108,304	8,788,721	10,702,124
Net Change in Fund Balances	(334,382)	7,028,776	2,558,723	9,253,117
Fund Balances, July 1	11,933,363	5,943,063	21,399,500	39,275,926
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 11,598,981	\$ 12,971,839	\$ 23,958,223	\$ 48,529,043

CARSON CITY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		S	9,253,117
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (page 10)			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement			
of activities (pages 6-7) are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and			
the proceeds from the sale of assets as other financing		100	
sources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of			
those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives			
and only the gain or loss is recorded when assets are sold.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 9,041,401		
Contributions of capital assets from business-type activities	40,910	ar Said	
Donated capital assets	1,787,285		
	(27,908)	e	
Transfers of capital assets to business-type activities	(378,190)		
Sale/disposition of assets	(3,056,977)		
Less: Current year depreciation	(3,000,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,0		7,406,521
andre en la companya de la companya La companya de la co			
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues	en grande de la companya de la comp		
in governmental funds.			(13,707)
Change in deferred revenue			
Bond and note proceeds and capital leases provide current financial			
resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt	s Daniel Marie Proje	in the	
increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net			
assets. Repayment of bond and note principal and capital leases is an			
expenditure in the governmental funds, but the			
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement			
of net assets. This is the amount by which bonds and notes			
issued and capital lease financing exceeded repayments and costs of issuance.	የተና የነልተነ በደብሃና		
Bonds and notes issued	(9,843,000)		
Bond issuance costs	222,330	an len	
Bond discounts	66,349		
Capital lease financing	(85,749)		
Accrued interest	(422,291)	100	
Capital lease payments	3,276		
Interest payments	351,629		
Principal payments	2,576,513	- 11	(7,130,943)
			(7,130,943)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do		1	
not require the use of current financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds.			
Amortization of loss on bond refunding	(88,607)		
Amortization of issuance costs	(12,839)		
Amortization of bond discounts	(8,244)		
Change in long-term compensated absences	(330,424)	el elect	rean Till
		4.5%	(440,114)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge			
the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net		. * * * * * *	
loss of the internal service funds is reported with			سويدية يسوي
governmental activities.		سند	(57,827)
요즘 그렇게 살아야 하면 하는 사람들이 하는 것은 사람들이 모르는 사람이 되었다.			خفع سينس
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (pages 6-7)		\$	9,017,047
"我们的我们 看 了这个数据数据,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们			and the second second second second

CARSON CITY GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			VARIANCE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	WITH FINAL BUDGET	
Révenues:		*****			
Taxes	\$ 10,831,497	\$ 10,831,497	\$ 10,787,005	\$ (44,492)	
Licenses and permits	5,349,000	5,349,000	5,688,240	339,240	
Intergovernmental revenues	25,113,498	28,285,286	29,529,628	1,244,342	
Charges for services	6,798,058	6,906,573	6,822,554	(84,019)	
Fines and forfeits	840,000	844,996	847,606	2,610	
Miscellaneous	936,000	963,900	762,005	(201,895)	
	40.060.052	57 101 757	54,437,038	1,255,786	
Total Revenues	49,868,053	53,181,252	34,437,038	1,500,700	
Expenditures:					
Current					
General government	12,638,166	12,572,876	12,012,590	560,286	
Public safety	20,906,136	23,240.129	22,532,451	707,678	
Judicial	2,876,067	3,086,363	2,984,486	101,877	
Public works	2,671,158	3,040,933	2,675,588	365,345	
Health	1,018,827	1,440,939	1,284,469	156,470	
Welfare	412,717	431,953	431,953	Salaharan Salah 🕶 📑	
Culture and recreation	5,939,801	6,445,947	5,930,933	515,014	
Community support	1,029,283	385,300	381,162	4,138	
Economic opportunity	<u></u>	659,460	342,387	317,073	
Total Expenditures	47,492,155	51,303,900	48,576,019	2,727,881	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	2,375,898	1,877,352	5,861,019	3,983,667	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			and the second		
Sales of surplus property	20,000	20,000	4,513	(15,487)	
Capital leases	·	78,740	85,749	7,009	
Transfers in	177,070	205,320	169,164	(36,156)	
Transfers out	(6,104,827)	(6,454,827)	(6,454,827)	•	
Contingency	(1,000,000)	(495,924)	_	495,924	
Park Act a Principle			and the second		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,907,757)	(6,646,691)	(6,195,401)	451,290	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,531,859)	(4,769,339)	(334,382)	4,434,957	
Fund Balances, July I	8,846,685	11,933,363	11,933,363		
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 4,314,826	\$ 7,164,024	\$ 11,598,981	\$ 4,434,957	

CARSON CITY QUALITY OF LIFE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
는 사업통에 기업을 가입해 한다면 보고하다. 사업 기업을 받았다는 기업을 하는 사업을 하는 것들이 있다.	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS	FINAL BUDGET
Revenues	e nash nan	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 2,427,960	\$ 177,960
Taxes Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,250,000 3,200 100,000	3,200 100,000	2,145 2,145 264,375	(1,055) 164,375
Total Revenues	2,353,200	2,353,200	2,694,480	341,280
Expenditures:				
Current: Culture and recreation	1,640,250	15,615,312	3,774,508	11,840,804
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	712,950	(13,262,112)	(1,080,028)	12,182,084
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds issued Notes issued Transfers out	(549,805)	5,835,000 3,028,000 (728,310)	5,835,000 3,028,000 (692,154)	36,156
Discount on bonds issued	(2.5,552)	(62,042)	(62,042)	- Andrews - Andr
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(549,805)	8,072,648	8,108,804	36,156
Net Change in Fund Balances	163,145	(5,189,464)	7,028,776	12,218,240
Fund Balances, July 1	590,454	5,943,063	5,943,063	_
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 753,599	\$ 753,599	\$ 12,971,839	\$ 12,218,240

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

	BUSIN	ess-type activ	ITIES -
	SEWER	WATER	STORMWATER DRAINAGE
ASSETS Current assets (unrestricted):			
Cash and investments	\$ 8,420,311	\$ 13,391,604	\$ 5,134,680
Receivables:	2 0,120,011		
Accounts and contracts, net	320,883	483,392	32,495
Due from other governments	1,156,957	597,727	
Inventories	_	255,671	er en
Prepaid items	255	200	
Total Current Assets	o pop kok	14,728,594	5,167,175
(Unrestricted)	9,898,406	14,728,374	5,107,175
Current assets (restricted):			
Cash and investments	90,183	349,822	
Total Current Assets	9,988,589	15,078,416	5,167,175
Noncurrent assets:			territoria (etalo)
Restricted cash and			
investments	2,545,363		
III SYNIDII S			
Other assets	75,026	309,180	129,426
Capital assets:	and the second of the second		
Land	757,704	446,506	
Buildings	10,298,161	1,585,664	10.000
Improvements other than buildings	76,607,642	51,825,725	10,330
Machinery and equipment	2,953,815	1,485,111 8,007,260	340,849
Water rights	6,760,047	8,268,709	
Construction in progress	0,700,047	0,200,700	
	97,377,369	71,618,975	351,179
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(34,886,746)	(20,100,919)	
Net Capital Assets	62,490,623	51,518,056	351,179
		** ***	والمراس يعرضون
Total Noncurrent Assets	65,111,012	51,827,236	480,605
Total Assets	75,099,601	66,905,652	5,647,780
I Dial Pissels	(2,033,001	كالمناولال حودان	2,041,150

	ENTERPR				
Ev	OTHER ITERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS		
			eri, e i i e e e e		
\$	3,653,138	\$ 30,599,733	\$ 3,521,976		
	1,042,027	1,878,797	27,571		
	18,000	1,772,684	36,991		
	6,702	262,373	109,7 <i>6</i> 0		
	617	1,072			
	4,720,484	34,514,659	3,696,298		
	7,120,707	The second section of the second section is	2,050,550		
·					
-		440,005			
	4,720,484	34,954,664	3,696,298		
***************************************	·				
	Same of Sec		1. The second of		
		2,545,363			
		513,632			
	309,244	1,513,454	The second secon		
	443,842	12,327,667	and the second s		
	173,211	128,616,908			
	2,718,504	7,498,279	25,609		
1.5	2,110,00	8,007,260			
		15,028, <u>756</u>			
-		2-90203			
6 P. T.	3,644,801	172,992,324	25,609		
	(960,964)	(55,948,629)	(18,022)		
	2,683,837	117,043,695	7,587		
-	2,683,837	120,102,690	7,587		
	7,404,321	155,057,354	3,703,885_		
					

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

		ACTIVIT	

				STORMWATER
	SEV	VER	WATER	DRAINAGE
LIABILITIES	**			
Current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets:				
Accounts payable	\$	402,988	\$ 3,210,645	\$ 212,214
Accrued salaries and benefits		83,434	112,695	1001
Accrued interest		212,631	190,397	4,281
Due to other governments		. •	216,634	100,000
Uncarned revenue Other current liabilities				200,000
Current portion:				
Commitments payable		-	15,305	
General obligation bonds and notes				
payable	1	168,312	1,815,000	205,000
Total Current Liabilities Payable				
from Unrestricted Assets	1	,867,365	5,560,676	521,495
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:			en e	
Construction contracts, retained percent		78,420	329,260	
Connection deposits	100	11,763	20,562	
Osilia di Poblici	-			
Total Current Liabilities Payable		in the Section		
from Restricted Assets	· <u></u>	90,183	349,822	
Total Current Liabilities	<u> </u>	,957,548	5,910,498	521,495
Noncurrent liabilities:		a ta a		
		160,932	205,724	
Accrued compensated absences Other liabilities		100,754	2001.27	
Closure / post closure care costs		<u>.</u>		
General obligation bonds and notes payable	17	,958,253	27,253,864	5,820,984
Gettel at configuration poures and motes bullacore		,,,,,,,,		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	18	,119,185	27,459,588	5,820,984
Total Liabilities	20	,076,733	33,370,086	6,342,479
NET ASSETS		. 1		grijaka. Tanggaran salah salah salah salah
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	43	,040,933	26,572,267	
Restricted for emergency replacement	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	,545,363 -	-	
Unrestricted		,436,572	6,963,299	(694,699)
CHECOMPONE		7		
Total Net Assets	. \$ 55	,022,868	\$ 33,535,566	\$ (694,699)

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Net assets of business - type activities

ENTERPRISE FUNDS			e General	
5 7 7	OTHER	TOTAL	AC II	ERNMENTAL TIVITIES - VTERNAL
	CERPRISE CUNDS	ENTERPRISE FUNDS	· ·	SERVICE FUNDS
	01100	1 011120		
<i>a</i> n	4.0 H AAA			275 250
S	417,208 189,581	\$ 4,243,055 385,710	\$	365,359 44,070
tarata Hajir	1,436	408.745		***,070
	90	216,724		
	239,290	339,290		
				688,153
		15,305		
	135,000	3,323,312		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			* *	4 005 500
	982,605	8,932,141		1,097,582
·				
er television Constitution		407,680		•
		32,325	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		Billion was ano		
	-	440,005		-
	982,605	9,372,146		1,097,582
	268,409	635,065		117,799
	889,356	889,356	1	49,629
	290,000	51,323,101		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		the second	:	
	1,447,765	52,847,522	·	167,428
	2,430,370	62,219,668		1,265,010
	2,258,837	71,872,037		7,587
		2,545,363		
<u> </u>	2,715,114	18,420,286	<u> </u>	2,431,288
\$	4,973,951	92,837,686	S	2,438,875
		(507,155)		
		\$ 92,330,531		

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -			
		The second second		
[[생물] : [[/] : [[/] : [/] :			STORMWATER	
나는 하막다는 바람들로 하는데 하는데 그들은 그는 그는 이 모든데 하는데 그	SEWER	WATER	DRAINAGE	
	CF_5 17 E.S.C.	17.2.2.2.2.2.		
Operating Revenues:	P 2000 211	# 5 COC 70#	\$ 572,820	
Charges for services	\$ 5,023,611	\$ 5,686,284	D 37720	
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	1,006,320	1,343,737		
Employee benefits	356,487	418,095		
Services and supplies	2,433,743	3,245,266	282,135	
Depreciation	2,387,624	1,543,594_	-	
Total Operating Expenses	6,184,174	6,550,692	282,135	
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,160,563)	(864,408)	290,685	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment income	267,285	260,593	75,618	
Intergovernmental revenues		471,310		
Miscellaneous	14,560	10,080		
Interest expense	(789,423)	(974,374)		
Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets	(000,8)	13,438		
		(11,072)	(4,427)	
Bond issuance costs	(5,013)	(11,0,2)	(7,75')	
Application of the state of the		Jan Jan	And the second s	
Total Nonoperating	Jana ross	ጀታንስ ስታልነ	71,191_	
Revenues (Expenses)	(520,591)	(230,025)	/1,171	
Income (Loss) Before		Is not sook	n ca nex	
Contributions and Transfers	(1,681,154)	(1,094,433)	361,876	
			telli, se se se se se se	
Capital Contributions:	Control of the contro			
Capital assets	1,476	84,267		
Developers	428,612	827,372		
Connection fees	2,259,649	1,190,234		
Total Capital Contributions	2,689,737	2,101,873		
			10 to	
Transfers In		na era tiga kale	and the second of the second	
Transfers Out		(326,573)	(1,222,538)	
Change in Net Assets	1,008,583	680,867	(860,662)	
Net Assets, July 1	54,014,285	32,854,699	165,963	
Net Assets, June 30	\$ 55,022,868	\$ 33,535,566	\$ (694,699)	
A TEXAL ALMONOMY IN MARKING MICH.			Harming and the same of the sa	

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Change in net assets of business - type activities

OTHER ENTERPRISE ENTERPRISE FUNDS \$ 6,572,538 \$ 17,855,253 \$ 8,925,633 2,269,502 4,619,559 600,155 883,889 1,658,471 199,511 1,886,778 7,847,922 9,660,530 222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 888,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - 3,449,883 - 252,637 5,044,247 - (1,549,111) - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,436,953 (422,156) \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	ENTERPRIS	E FUNDS	
FUNDS FUNDS FUNDS \$ 6,572,538 \$ 17,855,253 \$ 8,925,633 2,269,502 4,619,559 600,155 883,889 1,658,471 199,511 1,886,778 7,847,922 9,660,530 222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - 252,637 5,044,247 - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,361,031 3,4973,951 8 2,438,875	OTHER	TOTAL	ACTIVITIES -
\$ 6,572,538 \$ 17,855,253 \$ 8,925,633 2,269,502		ENTERPRISE	SERVICE
2,269,502 4,619,559 600,155 883,889 1,658,471 199,511 1,886,778 7,847,922 9,660,530 222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - 252,637 5,044,247 - - 750,000 - (1,549,111) - - 750,000 - (1,549,111) - - 750,000 - (1,549,111) - - 750,000 - </td <td>FUNDS</td> <td>FUNDS</td> <td>FUNDS</td>	FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS
2,269,502 4,619,559 600,155 883,889 1,658,471 199,511 1,886,778 7,847,922 9,660,530 222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - 252,637 5,044,247 - - 750,000 - (1,549,111) - - 750,000 - (1,549,111) - - 750,000 - (1,549,111) - - 750,000 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
883,889 1,658,471 199,511 1,886,778 7,847,922 9,660,530 222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - - (1,549,111) - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	\$ 6,572,538	\$ 17,855,253	S 8,925,633
883,889 1,658,471 199,511 1,886,778 7,847,922 9,660,530 222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - - (1,549,111) - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875			
883,889 1,658,471 199,511 1,886,778 7,847,922 9,660,530 222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - - (1,549,111) - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	2 269 502	4.619.559	600,155
1,886,778 7,847,922 9,660,530 222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - 252,637 5,044,247 - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875			
222,529 4,153,747 2,561 5,262,698 18,279,699 10,462,757 1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	and the state of t		9,660,530
1,309,840 (424,446) (1,537,124) 88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,436,953 (422,156) \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	and the Control of th		and the second s
88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - 750,000 - (1,549,111) - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	5,262,698	18,279,699	10,462,757
88,135 691,631 92,618 4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - 750,000 - (1,549,111) - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	t and out	7424 4460	(1 537 124)
4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,436,953 (422,156) \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	1,007,040	(+2+,++0)	(190-191-19)
4,173 475,483 45,961 16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,436,953 (422,156) \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875		and a second	. na 210
16,282 40,922 226,389 (21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - - 252,637 5,044,247 - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,436,953 (422,156) \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875			
(21,992) (1,785,789) - (40,910) (35,472) - (20,512) - 45,688 (633,737) 364,968 1,355,528 (1,058,183) (1,172,156) 252,637 338,380 - 1,255,984 - - 3,449,883 - 252,637 5,044,247 - (1,549,111) - 1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,436,953 (422,156) \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875	of a contract of the contract	the contract of the contract o	
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1,608,165 2,436,953 (422,156) 3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ 4,973,951 \$ 2,438,875 (364,329)			750,000
3,365,786 2,861,031 \$ 4,973,951 S 2,438,875 (364,329)		(1,549,111)	
\$ 4,973,951 S 2,438,875 (364,329)	1,608,165	2,436,953	(422,156)
(364,329)	3,365,786		2,861,031
	\$ 4,973,951		S 2,438,875
		(364,329)	
<u>S 2,072,024</u>		\$ 2,072,624	

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -

	SEWER	WATER	STORMWATER DRAINAGE
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	erene. Salah salah sa		
Cash received for services	\$ 4,993,301	\$ 5,755,492	\$ 571,275
Cash payments for personnel costs	(1,349,795)	(1,769,821)	# A 3 2 2 2 2 1 3 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5
Cash payments for services and supplies Miscellaneous cash received	(2,414,164)	(3,146,259) 10,080	(244,661)
Miscellaneous cash feceived	14,560	10,000	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Operating Activities	1,243,902	849,492	326,614
ON OUT TO ONLY PRODUCTION OF A DOUBLE TO THE AND OUT OF			
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfer from other funds			
Transfer to other funds		(326,573)	(1,222,538)
Subsidy from federal grant		211,927	
Subsidy from state grant			-
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing			
Activities	en de la companya de	(114,646)	(1,222,538)
아니다 얼마나 그 바다는 이번 모모인 아들이			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		8,929,863	6,025,984
Proceeds from capital debt Connection fees	2,259,649	1,190,234	0,023,704
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,937,543)	(5,105,952)	(186,636)
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,214,749)	(1,535,000)	
Interest paid on capital debt	(812,901)	(977,023)	4,281
Bond issuance costs	(572)	(55,982)	(133,853)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital	en e		
and Related Financing Activities	(1,706,116)	2,446,140	5,709,776
one e filipina, l'este l'illigitée du commune de la commune de l'institution de la commune de la commune de la La commune de la commune d			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Investment income	267,285	260,593	75,618
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		en e	
and Cash Equivalents	(194,929)	3,441,579	4,889,470
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	11,250,786	10,299,847	245,210
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 11,055,857	\$ 13,741,426	\$ 5,134,680

ENTERP	RISE FUNDS	
		GOVERNMENTAL
		ACTIVITIES -
OTHER	TOTAL	INTERNAL
ENTERPRISE	ENTERPRISE	SERVICE
FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS
		erentation (1919)
\$ 6,444,107	\$ 17,764,175	\$ 8,904,969
(3,093,791)	(6,213,407)	(774,786)
(2,343,327)	(8,148,411)	(9,579,369)
16,282	40,922	226,389
1,023,271	3,443,279	(1,222,797)
		750,000
	71 EAN 1111	730,000
250	(1,549,111)	45,961
356	212,283	45,701
3,817	3,817	
	enga di kabaharan di Kabupaten d Kabupaten di Kabupaten di Kabupat	,
4,173	(1,333,011)	795,961
	14,955,847	etgtuse t
	3,449,883	n de la companya di salah di s Managan di salah di s
(349,227)	(7,579,358)	·
(130,000)	(2,879,749)	
(22,425)	(1,808,068)	
(22,423)	(1,000,000)	en de la companya de
	(233,103)	
(501,652)	5,948,148	
88,132	691,628	92,613
00,122		
613,924	8,750,044	(334,218)
3,039,214	24,835,057	3,856,194
\$ 3,653,138	\$ 33,585,101	\$ 3,521,976
	the control of the second of t	

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

이 전쟁을 보면 관련한 것이 되었다. 그는 그때 모든 그는	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -					
가 되면 함께 보고 있는데 이번 보고 있다. 그는 사람들이 되었다. 물건 이름을 보고 있는데 되어 된 것 같은 그는 그를 보고 있다.						
	· · · · · · · · ·	SEWER		WATER		RMWATEI RAINAGE
CONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	_\$_	(1,160,563)	5	(864,408)	<u>\$</u>	290,68
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				and the second second		
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by				and the state of the state of		
operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,387,624	tegat.	1,543,594	11 m	_
Provision for uncollectible accounts		+طن النادوط		1,0,0,0,0		
Nonoperating revenues		14,560		10,080		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		13,500		10,002		
(Increase) decrease in:						
Accounts receivable		(24,290)		(27,763)		(1,54
Due from other funds		1,695	٠	12,436		7
Due from other governments		1,000		84,535		•
Inventories		_		26,965		•
Prepaid items		(255)	5 L 1	915		ing the second
Increase (decrease) in:		()	in en er			
Accounts payable		30,739	tegere.	42,333		37,39
Accrued salaries and benefits		9,677		(2,827)		
Due to other governments		(12,600)		47,934		
Unjearned revenue		(12,000)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Connection deposits		(6,020)		(19,140)		
Accrued compensated absences	e de la composición dela composición de la composición dela composición de la compos	3,335		(5,162)		
Other liabilities		-		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Closure/post closure care costs	<u>"</u> -:				- <u> </u>	
				1 713 000		25.02
Total Adjustments		2,404,465		1,713,900		35,92
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	**				· · · · .	
Operating Activities	\$	1,243,902	\$	849,492	\$	326,61
NCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND		garaga da Santa da S		arian da		e garage
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$	121,176	\$	2,740,381	\$	154,54
Purchase of capital assets due to other governments	. 4			52,613	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·
Retainage payable on construction of						
capital assets		78,420	· · · . · .	329,260		
Capital assets contributed by contractors		1,476	40.00	84,267	Section 1	

	ENTERP	RISE I	FUNDS		
EN	OTHER TERPRISE FUNDS	EN	TOTAL TERPRISE FUNDS	A	ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES - NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
\$	1,309,840	\$	(424,446)	\$	(1,537,124)
	222,529 246,384		4,153,747 246,384		2,561
	16,282		40,922		226,389
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(433,637)		(487,235) 14,207		(24,239)
	3,657		88,192		3,575
	(1,586) (89)		25,379 571		(14,954) 368,755
	(16,593)		93,877		(101,163)
	28,059		34,909		7,193
	(41)		35,293		•
	55,165		55,165 (25,160)		
	31,541		29,714	100	17,687
				n nesta a Sentingan	(171,477)
	(438,240)		(438,240)		
	(286,569)	<u></u>	3,867,725		314,327
S	1,023,271	<u> </u>	3,443,279	\$	(1,222,797)
					Tografia Garage San Talan Marijan
\$		\$	3,026,100 52,613	\$	
	252,637		407,680 338,380		
40.0		海 医静态	and the second of the	The second section	

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS	en jarantean erretta.	
Cash and investments	\$ 2,458,772	\$ 1,638,202 100,928
Taxes receivable, delinquent Due from other governments	<u> </u>	128,120
Total Assets	2,458,772	1,867,250
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other governments		6,657 1,840,505
Other liabilities	<u></u>	20,088
Total Liabilities		1,867,250
NET ASSETS Held in trust for pool participants	\$ 2,458,772	<u>\$</u>

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

다 가는 생각을 보고 있다. 그는 사람들이 되었다는 것이 없는 것이 되었다. 그런 그는 것이 없는 것 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 그런 그는 것이 되었다는 것이 없는 것이 없 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 없다면 없는 것이 없다면 없는 것이 없어 없어 없는 것이 없어	
보고 있는 보고 있는 것이 되었습니다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었습니다. 그런 보고 있는 것이 되었습니다. 보고 있는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND
Investment income	<u>\$</u> 85,759
Capital share transactions: Shares sold	5,276,520
Less shares redeamed	(6,192,230)
Increase (Decrease) from Capital Share Transactions	(915,710)
Change in Net Assets	(829,951)
Net Assets, July 1	3,288,723
Net Assets, June 30	\$ 2,458,772

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Carson City is a consolidated municipality governed by an elected mayor and a four-member board, which comprise the Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations, and, therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a June 30 year end.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT. The Redevelopment Authority is governed by a board comprised of the City's elected Board of Supervisors. The ad valorem tax rates and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the Redevelopment Authority and the Board of Supervisors and the legal liability for the general obligation portion of the Authority's debt remains with the City. The financial statements of the Authority are reported as special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS. The Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau is responsible for the promotion of tourism in Carson City. The members of the Bureau's governing board are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Bureau is fiscally dependent upon the City since the Board of Supervisors sets the room tax rates and must approve any general obligation debt issuances. The Convention and Visitors' Bureau is presented as a governmental fund type.

The Carson City Airport Authority is responsible for the operations of the Carson City Airport. The members of the Authority are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the City since the Board of Supervisors is the recognized grantee for any Federal Aviation Administration grants awarded on behalf of the Authority and any property tax levies must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is presented as a governmental fund type.

Complete financial statements for each of the discretely presented component units may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau 1900 South Carson Street Carson City, Nevada

Carson City Airport Authority 2600 East Graves Lane, Suite 6 Carson City, Nevada

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for

support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Carson City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, consolidated taxes, franchise fees, motor vehicle fuel taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period.

Shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Quality of Life Fund accounts for the voter approved one-quarter percent sales tax for the purpose of acquiring open space and the construction and maintenance of park and trail facilities.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the sewer services provided to the residents of Carson City.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the water services provided to the residents of Carson City.

The Stormwater Drainage Fund accounts for the activities of the City's stormwater management program.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for group medical insurance, workers' compensation, liability and property insurance, and fleet management services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Investment Trust Fund accounts for the external portion of the investment pool administered by the City.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a purely custodial capacity for other organizations or governments.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are interfund services provided and used and other charges between the City's business-type activities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include salaries and wages, employee benefits, services and supplies, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows presented for proprietary funds, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments, generally with original maturities of three months or less. Since all cash in proprietary funds is pooled with the rest of the City's cash and is available upon demand, all cash and investments in those funds are considered cash equivalents. The City considers cash purchases and sales of the following types of investments as part of its cash management program rather than part of its operating, capital, investing, and financing activities.

Pursuant to NRS 355.170 and 355.167, Carson City may only invest in the following types of securities:

- a) United States bonds and debentures maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- b) Certain farm loan bonds.
- c) Bills and notes of the United States Treasury and obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America or a corporation sponsored by the government maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- Negotiable and non-negotiable certificates of deposit from commercial banks and insured credit unions or savings and loan associations.
- e) Certain securities issued by local governments of the State of Nevada.
- f) Other securities expressly provided by other Statutes, including repurchase agreements.
- g) State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool.
- h) Certain bankers' acceptances, commercial paper issued by a corporation organized and operating in the United States, and money market mutual funds.

Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Investment Pool Investment Income

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis in the investment pool. Net realized gains (losses) on investments are the sum of differences between the cost (if purchased during the fiscal year) or the fair value of the investment at the beginning of the year, and the net selling price received for investments that are sold or matured.

The net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments in the investment pool is the difference between the cost (if purchased during the fiscal year) or the fair value of the investments at the beginning of the year, and the fair value of the investments at the end of the year.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Operating appropriations and subsidies are accounted for as transfers in the funds involved.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All funds employ the allowance method of recognizing bad debts. Management does not anticipate any material collection losses with respect to its accounts receivable balances in any fund, except the Ambulance Fund; and, therefore, the allowance in those funds is zero.

The Ambulance Fund accounts receivable are presented net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts for the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$1,110,948.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed the previous December. Taxes may be paid in four installments on the third Monday in August and the first Mondays in October, January, and March. Penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. On the first Monday in June, if the taxes remain unpaid, a Treasurer's Trustee Certificate is issued conveying the property to the Treasurer as Trustee, constituting a lien for back taxes and accumulated delinquency charges. A two year redemption period begins after the certificate placing such property in trust is issued. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by Statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest, and costs before sale. For property with taxes remaining unpaid at the end of the two year redemption period, Carson City may take a deed to the property and proceed to a tax sale. Secured roll property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes receivable from the delinquent roll years. No provision for uncollectible accounts has been established since management does not anticipate any material collection losses in respect to the remaining balances.

Accounts receivable for the discretely presented component units do not reflect an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The managements of the respective entities do not anticipate any material collection losses with respect to accounts receivable balances.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The City's policy is to value inventories in Governmental Funds at average cost, while Enterprise Fund inventories are valued using the weighted average method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of Carson City's General Fund and Commissary Special Revenue Fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted as the amounts are held for others.

Amounts in the Sewer Enterprise Fund are restricted for plant expansion and emergency replacement in accordance with grant agreements. In addition, amounts for connection deposits and construction contract retentions in the Sewer and Water Enterprise Funds are restricted given contractual requirements.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of at least one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>			Years
Buildings			40-50
Improvements other than b	buildings		30-50
Machinery and equipment			5-20
Infrastructure			30-50

The retroactive reporting of infrastructure is subject to an extended implementation period and is first mandated for the fiscal year ending in 2007. The City has elected to implement the retroactive infrastructure provisions in or before fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. For current and advanced refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. The City pays 33-1/3 percent of a portion of the employee's unused sick leave at time of employee termination if provided for in the applicable Employee Association contract. Vacation pay and sick leave payoff are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

8. Connection Fees

It is the policy of the Board of Supervisors that new users hooking up to the water and sewer systems pay a "pro rata" share of the cost of the existing systems as calculated on the basis of "Equivalent Residential Customers." To this end, a connection fee is charged for new hookups to the water and sewer systems and the amounts are reported as capital contributions.

9. Equity Classifications

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Consists of capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds,
 notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or
 improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

 Unrestricted Net Assets – All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted."

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent the estimated opening fund balance in the City's 2005-2006 final budget. The undesignated fund balance represents the amount by which the actual ending fund balance exceeded the reservations and designations.

10. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in financial position and operations for the funds.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental and proprietary funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

On or before mid-February of each year, all agencies of the City must submit requests for appropriations to the Internal Finance Committee comprised of the City Manager, Finance Director, Deputy Finance Director and Treasurer in order that a budget may be prepared. Before April 15th, a tentative budget is submitted to the Board of Supervisors, the Redevelopment Authority, and the State of Nevada. The City then holds a series of public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than June 1st.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may request transfers of appropriations within the department's budget categories. Transfers of appropriations between department categories or functions within a fund may be made with the City Manager's approval. Transfers of appropriations between funds, from contingency accounts, or increases in budget appropriations require the approval of the Board of Supervisors or Redevelopment Authority. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level for governmental funds and the sum of operating and nonoperating expenses in the proprietary funds. There are no budgetary restrictions in the debt service funds regarding expenditures related to payments of principal and interest on long-term debt. The Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The City conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year with the following possible exceptions:

- Actual expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Economic Opportunity Function of the Capital Acquisition and Development Special Revenue Fund by \$5,829. This is an apparent violation of NRS 354.626.
- Actual expenses exceeded appropriations in the Insurance Internal Service Fund by \$23,077. This is an apparent violation of NRS 354.626.

 Actual expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Carson City Debt Service Fund by \$8,505. These overexpenditures were funded by available fund balance and are <u>not</u> apparent violations of NRS.

C. SHORTFALL IN RESERVED AND UNRESERVED/DESIGNATED FUND BALANCES

The Senior Citizens Center, Stabilization, Redevelopment Administration and Firefighter Retirement Medical Special Revenue Funds' fund balances were insufficient to cover the budgeted July 1, 2005 opening fund balance by \$40,478, \$111,150, \$7,642 and \$394, respectively. The Carson City Debt Service Fund's fund balance was insufficient to cover the budgeted July 1, 2005 opening fund balance by \$52,950.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,200,251 and the bank balance was \$2,490,791. All of the bank balance was covered by FDIC, SIPC, or collateralized by the Office of the State Treasurer / Nevada Collateral Pool.

The carrying amount of deposits for discretely presented component units was \$603,304 and the bank balance was \$606,953. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the component unit's agent in the component unit's name, with the exception of \$355,070 which was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The City has a formal investment policy to establish guidelines for the prudent investment of City funds. Funds of the City will be invested in compliance with the provisions of Nevada Revised Statutes, Chapters 355.167 through 355.200, and other applicable statutes. Allowable investments are described in Note 1.D.1.

At year end, the City had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10		
U.S. Treasuries \$24,565,683	\$ 4,768,301	\$15,743,810	\$4,053,572	s -		
U.S. Agencies 31,071,567	12,553,741	15,058,894	2,555,037	903,895		
Corporate Bonds 6,629,922	1,100,231	4,025,983	918,704	585,004		
Certificates of Deposit 511,685	101,002	217,032	193,651			
State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool 21,408,699	21,408,699					
Total <u>\$84,187,556</u>	\$39,931,974	<u>\$35,045,719</u>	<u>\$7,720,964</u>	<u>\$1,488,899</u>		

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the city's investment policy states that portfolio maturities must be structured to avoid the forced sale of securities in any but the most severe circumstances. To this end, portfolio management procedures will provide for the projection of a "minimum liquidity requirement" for the City's operating fund.

The following procedures will be applied:

Minimum Liquidity Requirement: This is defined as the total cash flow needed to pay City obligations for a period of four weeks. All securities to be included in the "minimum liquidity requirement" must mature within 28 days.

Intermediate Market Investment: That portion of City funds remaining after deletion of the "minimum liquidity requirement" may be invested in the intermediate market, defined herein as instruments maturing

between zero and ten years.

No U.S. bonds, debentures, bills, notes, agency obligations or securities purchased may have a maturity date of more than 10 years from the date of purchase.

Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2005, the City's investments in U.S Agencies were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The City's investment in the State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool is unrated. Of the City's investments in corporate bonds, \$3,493,965 was rated AAA/Aaa, \$355,585 was rated AA/Aa, and \$2,780,372 was rated A.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy states that no more than 20% of the total book value of the portfolio will be invested in a single security type with the exception of U.S. Treasury and government agency securities.

At June 30, 2005, the following investments exceeded 5% of the City's total:

Federal Home Loan Banks				15.46%
Federal National Mortgage	1.	٠		9.81%
Federal Home Loan Mortga	٠		1	8.99%

At year end, the component units' investments and maturities were as follows:

	Investment	
	Maturity Less	
	Fair Value Than I Year	
State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool	\$5,181,017 \$5,181,017	

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Assets for the primary government follows:

	the first of the second second second
Cash on hand Carrying amount of deposits Carrying amount of investments	\$ 6,683 2,200,251 84,187,556
Less: Carrying amount of deposits held for component unit	86,394,490 (3,139)
	<u>\$86,391,351</u>
Cash and investments – governmental activities Cash and investments – business-type activities Cash and investments – investment trust fund Cash and investments – agency funds Cash and investments – restricted	\$47,789,876 30,599,733 2,458,772 1,638,202 3,904,768
	S86.391.351

The State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool is an external pool administered by the State Treasurer, with oversight by the State of Nevada Board of Finance.

Carson City administers an external investment pool combining Carson City money with involuntary investments from the Carson City School District. Each participant's share is equal to their original investment plus or minus monthly allocation of interest income and realized and unrealized gains and losses. The fair value of Carson City's investments is determined annually. The determination of realized gains and losses is independent of the determination of the net change in the fair value of investments and realized gains and losses on investments that were held by the governmental entity during a previous accounting period(s) but sold during the current period were used to compute the change in the fair value of investments for the previous year(s) as well as the current year. The participant's share and redemption value are calculated using the same method. The Board of Supervisors has overall responsibility for investment of City funds, including the Investment Trust Fund, in accordance with NRS 355.175. The Carson City Chief Investment Official is the Carson City Treasurer, under authority delegated by the Board of Supervisors. The City has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees during the period to support the value of shares. The external investment pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Summary of investments held in the external investment pool at June 30, 2005:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Principal Amount Number of Shares	Interest Rate	Maturity Dates
U.S. Treasuries	\$24,565,683	\$26,143,802	1.875-5.875%	11/30/2005- 08/15/2014
U.S. Agencies	31,071,567	\$31,105,750	1.85-6.956%	08/13/2014 07/15/2005- 09/20/2025
Corporate Bonds	6,629,922	\$6,601,219	1.44-7.00%	12/19/2005-
Certificates of Deposit	511,685	\$513,000	3.10-6.90%	10/15/2041 02/21/2006- 03/12/2013
State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool	21,408,699	21,408,699	Variable	7/1/2005
Total Pooled Investments	\$84,187,556		Shares	

External Investment Pool financial statements:

Statement of Net Assets, June 30, 2005

Assets:	
Investments in securities:	
U.S. Treasuries	\$24,565,683
U.S. Agencies	31,071,567
Corporate Bonds	6,629,922
Certificates of Deposit	511,685
State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool	21,408,699
Interest receivable	510,366
Total Assets	<u>\$84,697,922</u>

Net assets consist of: Internal participants External participants	\$82,239,150 2,458,772
Total Net Assets Held in Trust for Pool Participants (Participant units outstanding, \$1.00/par)	<u>\$84,697,922</u>
Statement of Changes in Net Assets, Year Ended June 30, 2005	
Additions: Investment income	\$ 1,994,449
Capital share transactions	13,947,607
Total Increase	15,942,056
Net assets: Beginning of Year	68,755,866
End of Year	\$84,697,922

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2004	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2005
Governmental activities:			ing the second s	
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 17,448,539	\$ 3,480,501	\$ -	\$ 20,929,040
Construction in progress – infrastructure	1,675,994	327,914	(1,185,528)	818,380
Construction in progress	7,705,764	1,388,829	(4,370,465)	4,724,128
Total Capital Assets not being				
Depreciated	26,830,297	5,197,244	<u>(5,555,993</u>)	26,471,548
Capital assets, being depreciated:			العامات عادات	-107-019
Buildings	51,019,533	3,918,783	(103,104)	54,835,212
Improvements other than buildings	21,623,290	341,727		21,965,017
Machinery and equipment	16,748,940	3,625,879	(907,188)	19,467,631
Infrastructure	5,061,457	3,425.069	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,486,526
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated	94,453,220	11,311,458	(1,010,292)	104,754.386

	Balance		Danmagana	Balance June 30, 2005
	July 1, 2004	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	1000 50° 7007
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ (9,165,015) (9,136,348) (9,240,851) (71,651)	\$ (1,027,054) (588,943) (1,330,121) (113,420)	\$ - 521,081	\$ (10,192,069) (9,725,291) (10,049,891) (185,071)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(27,613,865)	(3,059,538)	521,081	(30,152,322)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	66,839,355	<u>8,251,920</u>	(489,211)	74,602,064
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 93,669,652</u>	<u>\$13,449,164</u>	<u>\$(6,045,204</u>)	\$101,073,612
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Water rights	\$ 1,495,305 8,997,302 8,007,260	\$ 18,149 6,728,200	\$ (696,746)	\$ 1,513,454 15,028,756 8,007,260
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	18,499,867	6,746,349	(696,746)	24,549,470
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	12,156,653 123,436,760 6,766,708	171,014 5,247,944 1,069,616	(67,796) (338,045)	12,327,667 128,616,908 7,498,279
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	142,360,121	6,488.574	(405,841)	148,442,854
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	(2,006,954) (45,807,297) (4,263,039)	(250,833) (3,443,926) (458,988)	51,347 231,061	(2,257,787) (49,199,876) (4,490,966)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(52,077,290)	(4,153,747)	282,408	(55,948,629)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	90,282,83	2,334,827	(123,433)	92,494,225
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$108,782,698	<u>\$ 9,081,176</u>	<u>\$ (820,179</u>)	<u>\$117,043,695</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 210,580
Judicial	9,463
Public safety	1,386,593
Public works	340,895
Airport Alexandria Alexandria Alexandria Alexandria Airport Alexandria Alexandria	47,005
Health	30,881
Culture and recreation	1,031,560
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	2,561
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$3,059,538

susiness-type activities:			
Carson City Sanitary Landfill			\$ 124,218
Ambulance			66,946
Sewer			2,387,62
Water			1,543,59
Cemetery			16,40
Building permits			14,95
Total Depreciation Expense	- Business-Tyne Acti	vities	\$4,153,74

Construction commitments

The City was committed to construction projects in various funds, as of June 30, 2005, as follows:

Project Name Contract Number Vendor Name	Bid Award	Value of Work Completed as of June 30, 2005	Remaining Commitment as of June 30, 2005
Water and Sewer Funds: 2003/2004 Sewer and Water Replacement Project #2003-100 Canyon Creek Construction	\$1,488,727	\$1,403,604	\$ 85,123
Water Fund: Highway 50 East Tank and Booster Pump Station Project #2004-049 Resource Development Company	3,235,558	2,710,132	525,426
Water Fund: Production Wells #25B & Well #51 #2004-110 Resource Development Company	610,900	156,060	454,840
Water Fund: Production Wells #10B & Well #55 #2004-111 Resource Development Company Capital Acquisition and	664,100	109,982	554,118
Development Fund: Carson City Hall Expansion (Re-bid) #2004-072 Building Solutions, LLC.	484,671	143,457	341,214
Capital Facilities Fund: Sheriff's Administration Building— Construction Manager #2004-079 Metcalf Builders, Inc.	100,000	4,180	95,820 \$2,056.541
Total			<u> </u>

Other Commitments:

On April 1, 1997, the City entered into an agreement with the State of Nevada, Department of Transportation (Highway Agreement No. R159-97-060) to help construct the Carson City Bypass. The City is funding this obligation through a \$.05 increase in the county motor vehicle fuel tax. The City intends to contribute a total of \$19 million plus interest. As of June 30, 2005 the City has contributed \$14,196,189.

In August 2004, the City and the State of Nevada, Department of Transportation (NDOT) added Amendment 1 to the above Agreement. The amendment provides for the following:

- The City shall pay to NDOT an amount of \$15,000,000, with payments beginning upon completion of the funding obligation for Phase I of the freeway as prescribed in Highway Agreement No. R159-97-060 and amended herein, estimated to start in 2011 and finish in 2026. For Phase 2, the City shall pay the tax based on a \$.03 levy in the county motor vehicle fuel tax. The amounts received from the additional \$.02 levy will be used to maintain Carson Street and Fairview Drive as described below.
- It is further agreed that the City will assume ownership and maintenance responsibility for Carson Street from approximately Arrowhead Drive in the north to the intersection of the Carson City Freeway at the Spooner Intersection to the south, upon construction completion to the point when vehicles are using Phase 2.
- The City also agrees to construct Fairview Drive to a minimum of four through lanes with turn lanes, from the terminus of Phase 2A at Fairview Drive to US 395/Carson Street, and to be responsible for maintenance of Fairview Drive.
- NDOT agrees to defer payment by the City of the current \$.05 tax as defined in Highway
 Agreement No. R159-97-060 from the period beginning July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2008, to
 allow the City to utilize the payments for the Fairview Drive improvements.

Discretely presented component units

Activity for the Airport Authority for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2004 Increase	es Decreases	Balance June 30, 2005
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 146,542</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 146,542</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Machinery and equipment	525,764 -		<u>525,764</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment	(456,824) (6,4	72)	(463,296)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	68,940 (6,4	72)	62,468
Airport Authority Capital Assets, Net	\$ 215,482 \$(6.4°	<u>72</u>) <u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 209,010</u>

Activity for the Convention and Visitors' Bureau for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2004	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2005
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$135,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$135,000
Improvement other than buildings	8,729		•	8,729
Machinery and equipment	28,194	5,097	(6,323)	<u> 26,968</u>
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	<u>171,923</u>	5,097	(6.323)	170,697
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(34,833)	(4,183)		(39,016)
Improvements other than buildings	(5,529)	(582)		(6,111)
Machinery and equipment	(21,361)	(5,312)	<u>6.323</u>	(20,350)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(61,723)	(10,077)	6,323	(65,477)
Convention and Visitor's Bureau Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$110,200</u>	<u>\$ (4,980)</u>	<u>s - </u>	<u>\$105,220</u>

C. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2005, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund	ATHORIT
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>\$545,000</u>

The above interfund balances at June 30, 2005 are generally short-term loans to cover temporary cash deficits in various funds. They are expected to be repaid in the next fiscal year.

Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund Amount
Primary government – general fund	Component unit - Convention and
Thinary government – general mind	Visitors' Bureau \$ 11,680
Primary government – Nonmajor	Component unit - Convention and
governmental fund	Visitors' Bureau 955
Component unit - Convention and	Primary government - Nonmajor
Visitors' Bureau	governmental fund 5,479

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund Amount
Component unit - Airport Authority	Primary government – general fund \$ 74,772 Primary government – Nonmajor governmental fund 29,226
	Subtotal 103,998
	Total <u>\$122,112</u>

Interfund transfers:

		Transfer In	<i>x</i> :	
Transfer out:	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
General fund	\$ -	\$5,704,827	\$750,000	\$ 6,454,827
Quality of Life fund	140,914	551,240	.	692,154
Nonmajor governmental funds	28,250	1,987,101	<u></u>	2,015,351
Water enterprise fund	_	326,573	-	326,573
Stormwater Drainage enterprise fund	mi mi	1,222,538	LL.	1,222,538
Total transfers out	<u>\$169,164</u>	<u>\$9,792,279</u>	<u>\$750,000</u>	\$10,711,443

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

D. LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds. The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates Amount
Governmental activities Governmental activities - refunding Business-type activities Business-type activities - refunding	2.0-8.0% \$30,718,154 2.9-5.4% 7,235,000 1.6-7.5% 46,196,941 3.0-6.5% 8,095,000
	<u>\$92,245,095</u>

Revenue Bonds. The City also issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired of constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	_Amount_
Tax Allocation Bond - Redevelopment Authority Regional Transportation		\$1,755,000 _5,575,000
		\$7,330,000

Notes Payable. The City issues notes to provide funds for open space and building improvements. Notes payable outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	_Amount_
Energy Retrofit Open Space	4.3287% 3.25%	\$ 699,336 2,898,700
		\$3,598.03 <u>6</u>

Capital Leases. The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of office equipment. The net present value of minimum lease payments at year end was \$82,473.

Compensated Absences. The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt. In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On June 30, 2005, \$6,290,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased. This amount is made up of \$2,730,000 from Business-type activities and \$3,560,000 from Governmental activities.

Conduit Debt. On March 4, 2002, and October 1, 2003, the City issued \$45,185,000 and \$95,000,000, respectively, in revenue bonds for Carson-Tahoe Hospital, a non-profit corporation. The bonds, issued pursuant to NRS Chapter 268, are not obligations of the City, nor shall they ever constitute a debt of the City and therefore have been excluded from the City's financial statements. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2005 was \$138,840,000.

Changes in long-term liabilities. Long-term liability activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2005	Due Within One Year
ernmental Activities:					
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds:					
The second states of the second state of the s					
4.0 to 4.1% Parks refunding general obligation bonds series 1998A, due 02/01/2007	\$ 1,010,000	\$	\$ (320,000)	\$ 690,000	\$ 335,00
4.0 to 4.1% Fire resunding general obligation bands series 1998A, due 02/01/2006	435,000	***	(215,000)	220,000	220,00
Subtotal	1,445,000		(535,000)	910,000	555,000
General obligation revenue bonds:	t Talian January Santan				
5 05 us 6 000 Bulblic Cofety request abligation		1			
5.05 to 8.0% Public Safety general obligation revenue bonds series 1997A, due 05/01/22	8,970,000	•	(185,000)	8,785,000	300,000
3.50 to 5.0% Parks general obligation revenue			the state of the s		
bonds series 1998A, due 11/01/18	3,995,000	.	(195,000)	3,800,000	200,00
3.50 to 5.1% Capital Improvement general					
obligation revenue bonds series 1998B, due 11/01/18	820,000		(40,000)	780,000	40,00
5.0 to 5.4% Capital Improvement general					
obligation revenue bonds series 1999A, due 07/01/20	2,180,000	•	(90,000)	2,090,000	95,00
4.0 to 5.0% 2001 Redevelopment general obligation revenue bonds, due 06/01/21	1,950,000		(40,000)	1,910,000	30,00
4.0 to 5.0% 2001 Senior Citizens Center general obligation revenue bonds, due 05/01/18	1,560,000		(85,000)	1,475,000	85,90
4.32% 2001 Energy Retrofit general obligation					
revenue bonds, due 05/28/12	1,158,990		(95,836)	1,063,154	78,86
5.0% Golf Course refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 1997D, due 01/01/06	800,000		(390,000)	410,000	410.00
4.0 to 5.4% Parks refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 1997C, due 02/01/11	1,160,000		(140,000)	1,020,000	150,00
revenue pouds series (35 °C, due 62 °C, 1	rizosiana		12.11,1,		
2.9 to 3.5% Public Safety refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 05/01/15	4,895,000	<u>-</u>		4,895,000	
2.0 to 4.625% Room Tax Revenue supported general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 06/01/23	4,040,000	ili sa istorija. Posta	(40,000)	4,000,000	40,00
3.0 to 4.4% Parks general obligation revenue bands					
series 2005, due 03/01/25		980,000		980,000	35,00
3.0 to 4.625% Parks general obligation revenue		eren afrika. Også er en samme er eren			
bonds series 2005, due 03/01/30		5,835,000		5,835,000	20,01
Subtotal	31,528,990	6,815,000	(1,300,836)	37,043,154	1,483,86

	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2005	Due Welhin One Year
Special Assessment Bonds: 4.0 to 5.3% Graves Lane improvement district bonds series 1994, due 06/01/05	\$ 215,000	3	\$ (215,000)	<u>s</u>	<u>\$</u>
Revenue Bonds: 5.3 to 7.0% 1996 Redevelopment revenue bonds, due 05/01/13	3,885,000		(130,000)	1,755,000	145,000
2.0 to 4.7% 2003 Highway Revenue motor vehicle fuel tax revenue bonds, due 06/01/23	5,785,000	<u> </u>	(210,000)	5,575,000	215,000
Suptotal	7,670,000		(340,000)	7,330,000	360,000
Notes Payable:					
4.3287% Energy Retrofit Installment Purchase Financing	755,713		(56,377)	699,336	62,019
3.25% Parks general obligation (limited tax) medium- term note dated 12/15/2004, due 12/15/2014	<u> </u>	3,028,000	(129,300)	2,898,700	265,000
Subtotal	755,713	3,028,000	(185,677)	3,598,036	327,019
Less deferred amounts:	· · · · · ·				
For issuance discounts On refunding	(140,309) (967,292)	(66,349)	8,244 88,607	(198,414) (878,685)	
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	40,507,102	9,776,651	{2,479,662}	47,804,091	2,725,880
Incurred but not Reported Claims Liability: Capital Leases:	102,509 -	85,749	(52,880) (3,276)	49,629 82,473	11,205 293,947
Compensated Absences Payable: Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities	43,710,497	365,732 10,228,132	(17,621)	3,448,997 51,385,190	3,033,032
siness Type Activities: Bonds payable: General obligation revenue bonds:					
5.0 to 5.1% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 1995 (unrefunded portion), due 6/16/05	100,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(100,000)		
3.7 to 6.5% Water refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 1997, due 9/01/11	3,920,000		(405,000)	3,515,000	430,000
4.4 to 7.5% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 1997, due 5/01/13	1,250,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(115,900)	1,135,000	120,000
3.5 to 4.7% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 1998C, due 5/01/14	1,240,000	·	(105,000)	1,135,000	105,003
4.9 to 5.0% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 1999B, due 11/01/14	1,225,000		(85,000)	1,140,000	90,000
4.875 to 5.2% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2000B, due 12/01/15	1,135,000		(70,000)	1,065,000	75,000
1.6 to 4.9% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2002, due 11/01/16	2,875,000		(175,000)	3,000,000	t 85,000

	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2005	Due Within One Year
3.0 to 5.0% Water refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 11/01/39	\$ 2,005,000	. .	\$ (290,000)	S 1,715,600	\$ 305,000
3.0 to 5.0% Water refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 11/01/15	1,360,000			1,360,000	
3.0 to 5.0% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 11/01/23	6,000,000		(190,030)	5,880,000	195,000
3.5 to 4.2% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2005A, due 6/01/25		9,000,000		9,000,000	310,000
4.5% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds, dated 1994 State of Nevada revolving toan, due 07/01/2014	1,633,167		(127,950)	1,505,217	133,120
3.825% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds, dated 1996 State of Nevada revolving loan, due 07/01/2015	1,486,036		(105,085)	1,380,951	109,142
5.0 to 5.1% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds series 1995 (unrefunded portion), due 06/16/05	100,000		(190,000)		
5.0 to 6.5% Sewer refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 1997, due 09/01/05	185,000		(90,000)	95,000	95,000
3.23% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds, dated 1998 State of Nevada revolving loan, due 07/01/18	5,207,487		(286,714)	4,920,773	296,050
3.5 to 4.7% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds series 1998D, due 11/01/13	875,000		(70,000)	805,000	75,000
4.875 to 5.2% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds series 2000B, due 12/01/15	2,360,000		(145,000)	2,215,000	155,000
1.6 to 4.9% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds series 2002, due 11/01/16	2,950,000		(165,900)	2,785,000	170,000
3.0 to 5.0% Sewer refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 11/01/15	1,410,000			1,410,000	
3.0 to 5.0% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 11/01/23	4,000,000		(125,000)	3,875,000	135,003
4.0 to 4.15% 2001 Landfill general obligation revenue bonds, due 06/01/08	555,000		(330,000)	425,000	135,000
3.0 to 4.25% Drainage general obligation revenue bonds series 2005B, due 06/01/25	:	6,000,000		6,000,000	205,000
Subtotal Subtotal	42,178,690	15,000,000	(2,879,749)	54,291,941	3,323,312
Deferred amounts: For issuance premiums	673,739	55,086	(59,458) 49,319	669,367 (314,895)	
On refunding Total bonds payable	(364,214) 42,481,215	15,055,086	(2,889,888)	54,646,413	3,323,312
Landfill Closure/Post closure costs:	1,327,596		(438,240)	889,356	
Compensated Absences Payable:	605,351	29,714		635,065	69,973
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	44,434,162	15,084,800	(3,328,128)	56,170,834	3,393,285
Total debt	S 88,124,659	\$ 25,312,932	<u>\$ (5,881,567)</u>	\$ 107,556,024	\$ 6,426,317

Internal service funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$117,799 of internal service funds compensated absences and \$49,629 of incurred but not reported claims liability are included in the above amounts.

Discretely presented component units

Long-term liability activity for the Airport Authority for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2005	Due Widsin One Year
Capital leases	\$ 251,333	\$	\$ (6,240)	3 245,093	<u>S 6.240</u>
Long-term liability activity for the Convention and Visiton	s' Bureau for the yea	r ended Tune 30, 2005.	, was as follows:		
	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2005	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	S 43,869	<u>\$ 4,653</u>	\$	<u>\$</u> 48,522	<u> </u>

Payment requirements for debt service. The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all bonds outstanding of the primary government are as follows:

	GOVERNMENTA	L ACTIVITIES	
General Obligation	General Obligation	Revenite	Notes
Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Bonds	Payable
Year Ended June 30 Principal Interest	Principal Interest	Principal Interest	Principal Interest
2006 \$ 555,000 \$ 37,032	\$ 1,483,861 \$ 1,671,828	\$ 360,000 \$ 330,313 \$ 380,000 316,465	3 327,019 \$ 121,549
2007 355,000 14,555	1,239,942 1,620,646		339,604 £10,055
2008	1,366,897 1,563,503	405,000 300,250	355,335 98,072
2009	1,649,754 1,498,893	435,000 281,365	369,834 85,507
2010	1,728,569 1,423,152	460,000 260,450	387,216 72,378
2011-2015	9,864,131 5,987,042	2,150,000 926,505	1,819,028 [46,961
2016-2020 2021-2025 2026-2030	10,790,000 3,721,604 6,095,000 1,287,975 2,825,000 399,419	1,595,000 524,218 1,545,000 146,925	
Total \$ 910,000 \$ 51,587	\$ 37,043,154 \$ 19,174,062	\$ 7,330,000 S 3,086,491	\$ 3,598,036 \$ 634,522

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital Leases			General Obligation Revenue Bonds
rear Ended June 30	Princisal interest	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Year Ended June 30	Principal Interest
1006	\$ 13,205 \$ 10,850		2006	S 3,323,312 S 2,214,035
2007	15,203 8,849	and the property	2007	3,622,546 2,059,432
008	17,509 6,546		2008	3,807.471 1,894,264
009	20,169 3,885		2009	3,833,116 1,724,133
010	16,387 992	· ·	2010	4,004,507 1,559,80
011-2015	14 1 War (ar Salata da Salata	2011-2015	17,580,439 5,512,32
016-2020			2016-2020	10,305,550 2,502,619
021-2025			2021-2025	7,815,000 804,12
026-2030			-	The state of the s
		➡ in the second of the first of the second	Total	\$ 54,291,941 \$ 18,270,73

E. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The balances of the City's restricted cash and investment accounts in the enterprise funds are comprised of the following:

	Sewer	Water	Total
Connection deposits	\$ 11,763	\$ 20,562	\$ 32,325
Construction contracts, retained percent	78,420	329,260	407,680
Emergency replacement	2,545,363		<u>2,545,363</u>
	<u>\$2,635,546</u>	<u>\$349,822</u>	\$2,985,368

The balances of the City's restricted asset accounts in the governmental funds are as follows:

		<u>General</u>	$\underline{\text{Commissary}}$	Total
and the contract of the state o				
Funds held in trust	1	<u>\$897,331</u>	\$22,069	<u>\$919,400</u>

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with similar public agencies (cities, counties and special districts) throughout the State of Nevada to create a pool under the Nevada Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Nevada Public Agency Insurance Pool (Pool) is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The City pays an annual premium and is subject to a \$100,000 deductible per occurrence. The Pool is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$200,000/\$350,000 per insured event. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of these limits. Other coverage currently held by the City, including airport liability, boiler and machinery, and bonds on public officials, are insured without a deductible. In addition, certain automobile damage is self-insured by the City.

The City became a member of the Public Agency Compensation Trust (PACT) for workers' compensation beginning July 1, 2003. The City pays an annual premium and there are no deductibles. The PACT is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$350,000/\$600,000 per insured event. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of these limits. The City retains liability for claims for the period from July 1, 1992 to June 30, 2003 when the City was self-insured.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors.

The liabilities for claims and judgments are reported in the Workers' Compensation and Insurance Funds. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Current Portion	Long-Term Portion	To: 2005	tals
Claims and changes in estimates	\$ 806,750 973,780 (1,092,377)	\$102,509 (52,880)	\$ 909,259 920,900 (1,092,377)	\$1,076,023 254,552 (421,316)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	688,153	<u>\$ 49,629</u>	<u>\$_737,782</u>	\$ 909,259

Settlements have not exceeded coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

The City operates a Municipal Solid Waste Landfill. The operation of this landfill is regulated by both federal and state governments under Subtitle D (40 CFR Part 258) and NRS 444.556. Recognition of liability for closure and post closure care costs is based on landfill capacity used to date. This liability at June 30, 2005, \$889,356, is reported in the Carson City Sanitary Landfill Enterprise Fund. It is estimated that the landfill will be used for an additional fifty-six years and that at June 30, 2005, approximately 12.12 percent of its capacity had been utilized. The City passes the EPA "financial assurance test" for local governments, and will self-assure payment for its obligations for closure, post closure, and corrective care costs. The estimated total current cost of closure and post closure care, \$7,337,922, has been calculated in 2005 dollars in accordance with current federal and state regulations and will be adjusted each year for the effects of inflation or deflation.

C. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not determinable, it is the opinion of the District Attorney, the City's counsel, that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City has wells that currently exceed the proposed federal drinking water standard for naturally occurring arsenic concentrations. Depending upon the final outcome of the regulations, the City may incur approximately \$6,700,000 by 2009 to meet the new standard.

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 4E, the City provides for a portion of postretirement health care benefits, in accordance with Carson City Administration Policy No. 3, to all employees who have been full-time, permanent employees for 10 or more years and have served 5 years immediately prior to retirement with Carson City. They must also be eligible to draw retirement benefits in accordance with the policies set forth under the Retirement Board regulations, be insurable under the eligibility requirements established by the City's insurance carrier, have been covered under a City paid group insurance program other than Industrial Insurance, and have been favorably terminated from City services. The City reimburses a portion of the monthly premium paid to the group insurance company at a rate of \$6 per month for each year of service up to the total cost of the premium. The City accounts for and finances these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Currently, 171 retirees are receiving these benefits. Expenditures of \$300,121 were recognized for the portion paid by the City for postretirement health care

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. There are 122 retirees deducting medical insurance premiums from their pension benefits. Such deductions were in the amount of \$459,202 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

E. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Carson City contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS), a cost sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada. PERS provides retirement benefits, disability benefits, and death benefits, including annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 286 of the Nevada Revised Statutes establishes the benefit provisions provided to the participants of PERS. These benefit provisions may only be amended through legislation. The Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, NV 89703-1599 or by calling (775) 687-4200.

Funding Policy. Plan members' benefits are funded under one of two methods. Under the employer pay contribution plan, the City is required to contribute all amounts due under the plan. The rate for those contributions was 20.25% for regular members and 28.50% for police and fire employee members on all covered payroll. The second funding mechanism for providing benefits to regular employees is the employer/employee paid contribution plan. Under this method, employees are required to contribute a percentage of their compensation to the plan, while the City is required to match that contribution. The rate for regular employees under this plan was 10.50%. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established by NRS Chapter 286. The funding mechanism may only be amended through legislation. The City's contributions to PERS for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$6,916,465, \$6,441,314 and \$5,933,500, respectively, equal to the required contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2005 were the same as disclosed above. The contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2003 were 20.25% and 18.75% for regular employees, respectively, 28.50% for police and fire employees under the employer paid plan, and 10.50% and 9.75% for regular employees under the employer/employee paid plan, respectively.

F. FUND ADDITIONS/DELETIONS

The Waterfall Fire Fund, a special revenue fund, was created during fiscal year 2004-2005. This fund was established to account for revenues raised and expenditures incurred to rehabilitate and mitigate future hazards in the area destroyed by the Waterfall Fire.

The Firefighter Retirement Medical Fund, a special revenue fund, was created during fiscal year 2004-2005. This fund was established to account for revenues raised and expenditures incurred to provide retirement medical benefits to qualified retirees of the Carson City Fire Department.

The Park Bond Construction Fund, a capital projects fund, was deleted during fiscal year 2004-2005. The Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau is now responsible for payment of the bonds.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 1 OF 15)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 10,831,497	\$ 10,787,005	\$ (44,492) S	10,301,693
Au valorem	© 10,001,427	Ψ 10,707,000	(4/3/22)	
Licenses and permits:				
Business licenses and permits:				
Business licenses	805,000	784,363	(20,637)	779,859
Liquor licenses	131,000	142,193	11,193	130,415
City / county gaming licenses	540,000	644,300	104,300	608,645
Right of way toll	115,000	104,631	(10,369)	108,203
Franchise fees:		A Charles of the		
Gas	880,000	1,122,272	242,272	748,790
Electric	1,300,000	1,336,997	36,997	1,181,984
Telephone	850,000	831,798	(18,202)	820,514
Sanitation	330,000	334,161	4,161	320,699
Cable television	360,000	351,280	(8,720)	361,470
	5,311,000	5,651,995	340,995	5,060,579
				eranding erindi.
Nonbusiness licenses and				
permits	Transcription (Buddetia)			
Marriage licenses	25,000	23,541	(1,459)	23,933
Animal licenses	13,000	12,596	(404)	14,905
Mobile home permits		108	108	158
			a mera	38 00C
	38,000	36,245	(1,755)	38,996
Total Licenses and	2 2 40 000	0.200.040	ንንር ኃፊር	5 000 575
Permits	5,349,000	5,688,240	339,240	5,099,575
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Federal grants: Drug Enforcement				
	6,000	6,965	965	2,074
Administration	157,124	157,124	703	158,385
Tri-Net	137,124	137,124		37,387
State Criminal Alien Assistance	49,785	54,737	4,952	27,207
Public Assistance	49,783 67,808	54,523	(13,285)	53,115
Domestic Violence Prosecutor	07,808	34,323	(13,203)	3,187
Mills Park Arboretum	46 605	7.C CTE		41,000
Alternative Sentencing Officer	46,625	46,625 601	601	26,956
F.E.M.A. Training	511,500	001 194,611	(316,889)	17,645
CDBG Entitlement	211,200	154,011	(~10,007)	E f yC™C

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 2 OF 15)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
Emergency Management	\$ 49,508	\$ 64,320	\$ 14,812	\$ 39,704
Business Development & Activity			•	32,249
Federal Child Nutrition	24,000	28,615	4,615	27,045
Juvenile Offender	12,105	10,524	(1,581)	11,230
Juvenile Food Donation		2,831	2,831	1,623
Byrne Grant			ja 4. 1911 – . <u>+</u> . 4414	18,880
BIA Housing, Juvenile	5,000		(5,000)	8,872
COPS In Schools		•		19,443
EUDL	7,860	5,926	(1,934)	9,492
Child Support Enforcement	409,107	403,420	(5,687)	357,925
Renewable Energy Development	and the second	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	15,000
Community Services Block Grant	81,828	78,155	(3,673)	72,307
PH Prep and Terror Response	157,268	88,910	(68,358)	10,595
Boys and Girls Club HVAC	•			17,855
HIV / AIDS Program				37,941
Immunization Program	92,000	102,650	10,650	
Public Health Tracking System	30,893	28,588	(2,305)	25,808
National Forest	•	576	576	568
HMEP Training	11,127	21,776	10,649	18,641
Ryan White Title II Program	30,124	39,467	9,343	9,876
State Fire Assistance	362,594	191,984	(170,610)	82,648
Automated Citation System	•			45,480
In Car Video	territoria de la companya de la comp			20,018
Accountability Grant	36,682	25,509	(11,173)	37,240
Volunteers in Partnership	8,284	8,137	(147)	23,890
Jackpot	<u>.</u>	600	600	
Title IIE Challenge	3,845	3,845		6,377
Title V Prevention	6,5 00	•	(6,500)	4,737
Highest and Best Use Study				5,097
Joining Forces	9,939	7,095	(2,844)	11,903
LLEBG	37,970	21,530	(16,440)	34,996
ODP Equipment	1,700,514	1,648,648	(51,866)	405,259
Disaster Mitigation	35,285	5,785	(29,500)	5,215
Speed and Safety Project				17,595
GIS Documentation of Historic Properties				4,000
Signage Historic District	3,015	3,528	513	8,972
	3,954,290	3,307,605	(646,685)	1,788,235
Federal payments in lieu	50,000	66,721	16,721	65,236
of taxes	30,000	00,721	EUg 1 & II	
State grants	551,650	112,741	(438,909)	251,204
State shared revenues:	<u>ዕታ ካር</u> ፋ ለሰላ	25,661,323	2,366,323	23,827,916
Consolidated tax revenues State gaming licenses Candidate filing fee	23,295,000 160,000	23,001,323 158,355	(1,645)	161,137 650

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 3 OF 15)

Court administrative assessments 8 59,646 \$ 58,105 \$ (1,541) \$ 27,693 Other local government grants: Interlocal cooperative agreements 189,700 164,588 (25,112) 226,554 Other local government shared revenues 189,700 164,588 (25,112) 226,554 Other local government shared revenues 25,000 190 (24,810) 22,821 Total Intergovernmental Revenues 28,285,286 29,529,628 1,244,342 26,371,446 Charges for services 28,285,286 29,529,628 1,244,342 26,371,446 Charges for services 39,525 3,4759 43,568 Clerk fees 153,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 411,050 422,873 11,823 471,952 Technology fees 52,000 51,187 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 53,768 (41,232) 66,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 53,768 (41,232) 66,428 Building and zoning fees <t< th=""><th></th><th>FINAL BUDGET</th><th>ACTUAL</th><th>VARIANCE</th><th>2004</th></t<>		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
Other local government grants: 189,700 164,588 (25,112) 226,554 Other local government shared revenues: Miscellaneous other governments 25,000 190 (24,810) 22,821 Total Intergovernmental Revenues 28,285,286 29,529,628 1,244,342 26,371,446 Charges for services: General government: Treasurer fees 43,000 39,525 (3,475) 43,568 Clerk fees 153,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 410,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 152,000 51,108 892 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,200 11,965	Court administrative assessments	\$ 59,646	\$ 58,105	\$ (1,541)	s 27,693
Interlocal cooperative agreements 189,700 164,588 (25,112) 226,554		23,514,646	25,877,783	2,363,137	24,017,396
Interlocal cooperative agreements 189,700 164,588 (25,112) 226,554	Other local government grants:				
Other local government shared revenues Miscellaneous other governments 25,000 190 (24,810) 226,2821 Total Intergovernmental Revenues 28,285,286 29,529,628 1,244,342 26,71,446 Charges for services: General government: Treatment of the services Treasure fees 43,000 39,525 (3,475) 43,568 Clerk fees 153,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 411,050 422,873 11,123 471,395 Technology fees 520,000 51,108 (892) 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 53,768 41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,148 78,149 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280		*****			
Tevenues		189,700	164,588	(25,112)	226,554
Miscellaneous other governments 25,000 190 (24,810) 22,821 Total Intergovernmental Revenues 28,285,286 29,529,628 1,244,342 26,371,446 Charges for services: General government: 39,525 (3,475) 43,568 Clerk fees 153,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 411,050 422,873 11,823 471,395 Technology fees 52,000 51,108 (892) 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000)	Other local government shared				
Total Intergovernmental Revenues 28,285,286 29,529,628 1,244,342 26,371,446					
Total Intergovernmental Revenues 28,285,286 29,529,628 1,244,342 26,371,446					
Revenues 28,285,286 29,529,628 1,244,342 26,371,446 Charges for services: General government: Treasurer fees 43,000 39,525 (3,475) 43,568 Clerk fees 153,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 411,050 422,873 11,823 471,395 Technology fees 52,000 51,108 (892) 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 4,785) 21,647 Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) Jus	governments	25,000	190	(24,810)	22,821
Charges for services: General government:	Total Intergovernmental				
General government: 43,000 39,525 (3,475) 43,568 Clerk fees 153,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 411,050 422,873 11,823 471,395 Technology fees 52,000 51,108 (892) 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: 675,000 477,287	Revenues	28,285,286	29,529,628	1,244,342	26,371,446
General government: 43,000 39,525 (3,475) 43,568 Clerk fees 153,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 411,050 422,873 11,823 471,395 Technology fees 52,000 51,108 (892) 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: 675,000 477,287	Charges for services				
Clerk fees 153,000 167,117 14,117 154,762 Recorder fees 411,050 422,873 11,823 471,395 Technology fees 52,000 51,108 (892) 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: 675,000 477,287 (197,713) 443,255 Fire 6,000 11,888					
Recorder fees 411,050 422,873 11,823 471,395 Technology fees 52,000 51,108 (892) 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: - 675,000 477,287 (197,713) 443,255 Public safety: - 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Fire 6,000 11,888 </td <td>Treasurer fees</td> <td>43,000</td> <td>39,525</td> <td>(3,475)</td> <td></td>	Treasurer fees	43,000	39,525	(3,475)	
Technology fees 52,000 51,108 (892) 57,915 Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Judicial: 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: - 675,000 477,287 (197,713) 443,255 Public safety: - 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Fire 6,00	Clerk fees	153,000	167,117		
Assessor commissions 130,000 144,576 14,576 126,428 Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: Public safety: - (20,000) - (197,713) 443,255 Public safety: - 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874		•			
Building and zoning fees 100,000 58,768 (41,232) 65,140 Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 4,529,387 4,614,026 84,639 3,866,599 Judicial: Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: Police: - 66,000 477,287 (197,713) 443,255 Public safety: - 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,		· ·			the particular of the control of the
Public administrator fees 78,148 78,148 78,148 - 50,464 Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 4,529,387 4,614,026 84,639 3,866,599 Judicial: Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - (240,000) - (240,000) - (3,015) 347,206 Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: 675,000 477,287 (197,713) 443,255 Publics: 5860 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874					
Administration fees 3,547,949 3,642,456 94,507 2,875,280 Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 Judicial: Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Publice safety: Police: Sheriff's fees 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874				(41,232)	
Miscellaneous 14,240 9,455 (4,785) 21,647 4,529,387 4,614,026 84,639 3,866,599 Judicial:					
Judicial: 4,529,387 4,614,026 84,639 3,866,599 Judicial: 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 (240,000) (240,000) Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: Police: 5heriff's fees 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874	しきしょうき しょうしょ あんしき はんしゅう しゅうしゅん きんき しゅうしょ しょうしきゅんしゃ		•		
Judicial: Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 675,000 477,287 (197,713) 443,255 Public safety: Police: Sheriff's fees 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874	Miscellaneous	14,240	9,455	(4,785)	21,647
Drug Court 14,000 11,965 (2,035) 12,780 Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 - (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: Police: 5heriff's fees 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874		4,529,387	4,614,026	84,639	3,866,599
Court facilities 100,000 114,172 14,172 83,269 Public Defender Fees 240,000 (240,000) (240,000) 1 Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 Public safety: Police: Sheriff's fees 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874	Judicial:				
Public Defender Fees 240,000 (240,000) - Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 675,000 477,287 (197,713) 443,255 Public safety: Police: Sheriff's fees 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874					
Justice civil fees 321,000 351,150 30,150 347,206 675,000 477,287 (197,713) 443,255 Public safety:			114,172		83,269
Public safety: Police: Sheriff's fees 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874		and the second s	•		
Public safety: Police: 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874	Justice civil fees	321,000	351,150	30,150	347,206
Police: 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874		675,000	477,287	(197,713)	443,255
Police: 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874	Public safety			en et alla alla alla alla et alla et	
Sheriff's fees 260,925 257,910 (3,015) 258,985 Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874					
Fire 6,000 11,888 5,888 10,793 Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874		260,925	257,910	(3,015)	258,985
Protective services 45,000 50,662 5,662 55,874					10,793
311,925 320,460 8,535 325,652	Protective services				55,874
		311,925	320,460	8,535	325,652

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 4 OF 15)

	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARGANCE	2007
Public works:			e cennon	\$ 24,614
Street / engineering charges	\$ 17,500	\$ 12,401	\$ (5,099)	\$ 24,614
Health and sanitation				
Pet cemetery charges	10,000	10,669	669	14,289
Health inspection fees	45,000	47,891	2,891	50,363
	55,000	58,560	3,560	64,652
Culture and recreation	1,317,761	1,339,820	22,059	1,229,163
Total Charges for Services	6,906,573	6,822,554	(84,019)	5,953,935
Fines and forfeits:				
Library	24,000	22,377	(1,623)	26,176
Court	778,996	797,172	18,176	733,015
Animal services	42,000	28,057	(13,943)	30,445
Total Fines and Forfeits	844,996	847,606	2,610	789,636
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	600,000	372,720	(227,280)	76,147
Rents and royalties	60,000	60,663	663	66,519
Other	35,000	31,494	(3,506)	74,965
Gifts and donations	41,500	60,574	19,074	67,613
Refunds and reimbursements	57,400	68,688	11,288	48,510
Penalties and interest -	t ma nan	167066	(2,134)	166,227
delinquent taxes	170,000	167,866	(4,13+)	100,221
Total Miscellaneous	963,900	762,005	(201,895)	499,981
Total Revenues	53,181,252	54,437,038	1,255,786	49,016,266
xpenditures				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of Supervisors:				
Salaries and wages	129,259	125,833	3,426	128,562
Employee benefits	72,123	58,546	13,577	57,930
Services and supplies	53,050	43,163	9,887	33,620
Total Legislative	254,432	227,542	26,890	220,112
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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 5 OF 15)

	(PAGE 5 OF 15)	and the second second		
	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
xecutive:				
Clerk:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 210,569	\$ 211,092	\$ (523)	\$ 189,483
Employee benefits	77,055	71,953	5,102	68,809
Services and supplies	25,702	24,490	1,212	17,539
	313,326	307,535	5,791	275,831
Court Clerk:		i Vitaria		
Salaries and wages	339,181	308,102	31,079	329,338
Employee benefits	121,816	113,554	8,262	107,571
Services and supplies	20,095	12,792	7,303	17,999
	481,092	434,448	46,644	454,908
Elections:				
Salaries and wages	129,595	133,622	(4,027)	101,490
Employee benefits	38,455	32,012	6,443	33,409
Services and supplies	109,825	88,768	21,057	6,287
	277,875	254,402	23,473	141,186
Treasurer				
Salaries and wages	331,346	343,898	(12,552)	468,233
Employee benefits	132,596	127,652	4,944	171,811
Services and supplies	77,886	67,047	10,839	74,084
	541,828	538,597	3,231	714,128
Recorder:				
Salaries and wages	197,351	183,670	13,681	193,882
Employee benefits	78,984	70,607	8,377	72,069
Services and supplies	73,250	66,466	6,784	67,616
	349,585	320,743	28,842	333,567
Assessor:				
Salaries and wages	340,529	336,504	4,025	333,769
Employee benefits	131,563	125,715	5,848	119,653
Services and supplies	48,354	39,896	8,458	35,205
	520,446	502,115	18,331	488,627

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 6 OF 15)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
District Attorney:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,640,541	\$ 1,606,347	\$ 34,194	\$ 1,426,502
Employee benefits	548,790	506,934	41,856	444,568
Services and supplies	153,338	121,083	32,255	184,364
Capital outlay	16,171	16,171		<u> </u>
	2,358,840	2,250,535	108,305	2,055,434
City Manager:				
Salaries and wages	300,838	281,877	18,961	267,792
Employee benefits	102,739	94,215	8,524	90,930
Services and supplies	213,410	156,628	56,782	104,775
	616,987	532,720	84,267	463,497
Central Services:		eren Sangara da esta de la compansión de l La compansión de la compa		
Services and supplies	699,219	729,487	(30,268)	396,438
Total Executive	6,159,198	5,870,582	288,616	5,323,616
Finance:				
Finance:				000.007
Salaries and wages	394,633	402,233	(7,600)	389,037
Employee benefits	144,877	139,302	5,575	127,462 78,437
Services and supplies	108,790	78,137	30,653	10,44,7
	648,300	619,672	28,628	594,936
Internal Auditor:				
Salaries and wages	74,213	32,544	41,669	72,452
Employee benefits	24,428	9,655	14,773	22,346
Services and supplies	1,709	6,209	(4,500)	1,388
	100,350	48,408	51,942	96,186
			e Name of the Section of the Section (Section)	
Purchasing Salaries and wages	117,682	117,027	655	112,150
Employee benefits	40,449	39,042	1,407	36,771
Services and supplies	25,726	16,876	8,850	18,233
	183,857	172,945	10,912	167,154
Parameter			and the second of the second o	
Personnel: Salaries and wages	226,590	212,495	14,095	144,008
Employee benefits	74,970	70,072	4,898	45,542
Services and supplies	176,329	154,982	21,347	171,536
	477,389	437,549	40,340	361,086
Total Finance	1,410,396	1,278,574	131,822	1,219,362

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 7 OF 15)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
Other				
Community Development:				
Planning:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 453,017	\$ 461,474	\$ (8,457)	\$ 421,130
Employee benefits	163,923	156,025	7,898	144,073
Services and supplies	87,675	73,711	13,964	145,362
	704,615	691,210	13,405	710,565
Automation Services:		en English yang bersalah		
Salaries and wages	515,499	556,918	(41,419)	456,171
Employee benefits	186,651	177,044	9,607	148,160
Services and supplies	486,970	419,220	67,750	317,854
Capital outlay	10,750		10,750	<u> </u>
	1,199,870	1,153,182	46,688	922,185
Geographic Information Systems:		1.8 610	46.011	172,124
Salaries and wages	193,830	147,519	46,311 16,450	58,051
Employee benefits	69,861	53,411		38,031 7,426
Services and supplies	11,864	12,540	(676)	1,720
	275,555	213,470	62,085	237,601
Public Defender:				
Services and supplies	788,000	847,199	(59,199)	791,700
Public Safety Complex / Courthouse:				
Services and supplies	357,367	318,500	38,867	286,201
Capital outlay	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,547	(8,547)	
	357,367	327,047	30,320	286,201
City Hall:				
Services and supplies	122,100	108,466	13,634	94,838
Records Management:				
Salaries and wages	85,534	84,252	1,282	82,028
Employee benefits	16,796	15,789	1,007	14,911
Services and supplies	35,675	34,083	1,592	32,385
	138,005	134,124	3,881	129,324
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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 8 OF 15)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
Facilities Maintenance:	ing kanting Manggapang Panggapang Panggapang			
Salaries and wages	\$ 659,808	\$ 655,280	\$ 4,528	\$ 578,529
Employee benefits	250,422	225,940	24,482	216,486
Services and supplies	253,108	279,974	(26,866)	270,628
	1,163,338	1,161,194	2,144	1,065,643
Total Other	4,748,850	4,635,892	112,958	4,238,057
Total General Government	12,572,876	12,012,590	560,286	11,001,147
Public Safety	ita. Stanish shekarar 1981 ili shekarar 1981	e. Silang Jewang Kalenda		
Sheriff:				
Administrative Services:	ra e ron	\$26.004	(21,884)	525,912
Salaries and wages	534,500	556,384 235,941	9.140	218,739
Employee benefits	245,081 480,039	458,427	21,612	305,631
Services and supplies	460,037 33,901	62,540	(28,639)	
Capital outlay	33,301	USyJTY	(20,00)	
	1,293,521	1,313,292	(19,771)	1,050,282
Operational Services:	eren geraal († 1765) George († 1765) George († 1765)			
Salaries and wages	3,552,096	3,359,047	193,049	3,144,983
Employee benefits	1,867,855	1,666,309	201,546	1,562,063
Services and supplies	376,275	430,124	(53,849)	393,627
Capital outlay		11,426	(11,426)	
	5,796,226	5,466,906	329,320	5,100,673
Detention Facility:				
Salaries and wages	1,754,737	1,795,004	(40,267)	1,657,023
Employee benefits	895,637	865,819	29,818	767,630
Services and supplies	285,015	356,195	(71,180)	338,510
Capital outlay	7,628	17,035	(9,407)	<u> </u>
	2,943,017	3,034,053	(91,036)	2,763,163
		*		The second of the second

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES.

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005.

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 9 OF 15)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
General Services:	\$ 509,461	\$ 492,269	\$ 17.192	S 477,474
Salaries and wages	and the second of the second o	\$ 492,269 202,759	\$ 17,192 12,353	182,466
Employee benefits Services and supplies	215,112 5,000	4,680	12,353 320	70,725
Services and supplies	2,000	4,080	320	10,143
	729,573	699,708	29,865	730,665
Tadam I Transmir Charte				
Federal, Various Grants:	0.020	7 005	2,844	11,988
Salaries and wages	9,939	7,095	(2,503)	2,676
Employee benefits Services and supplies	54,217	2,503 26,496	(2,303) 27,721	123,475
Capital outlay	J4,21/	10,320	(10,320)	124,771
Cagnar outlay		10,320	(10,320)	124,771
	64,156	46,414	17,742	262,910
Dispatch:		tion of the second		
Salaries and wages	935,625	906,244	29,381	879,932
Employee benefits	330,687	312,600	18,087	270,066
Services and supplies	196,929	197,285	(356)	179,340
Capital outlay	5,878	6,891	(1,013)	
		0,001	(2,7222)	
	1,469,119	1,423,020_	46,099	1,329,338
Federal, Tri-Net Grant:	en fransk fan State (fan State) State fan State (fan State)			
Salaries and wages	119,587	125,830	(6,243)	113,865
Employee benefits	59,670	61,196	(1,526)	55,036
Services and supplies	16,650	17,444	(794)	14,498
Capital outlay	13,592	13,592		29,794
	209,499	218,062	(8,563)	213,193
Total Sheriff	12,505,111	12,201,455	303,656	11,450,224
	- Langue Gaga, L. A.			12,100,00
Fire				
Administration:				
Salaries and wages	188,350	217,831	(29,481)	184,697
Employee benefits	72,236	99,550	(27,314)	66,282
Services and supplies	622,242	560,750	61,492	341,046
Capital outlay	1,546,669	1,375,498	171,171	207,505
	2,429,497	2,253,629	175,868	799,530
	- WARRANT L	<u> </u>		
Operations:				
Salaries and wages	2,845,068	2,774,067	71,001	2,899,087
Employee benefits	1,402,807	1,268,828	133,979	1,119,445
Services and supplies	356,722	356,067	655	362,717
	4,604,597	4,398,962	205,635	4,381,249
	Take to the control of the control o			The control of

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 10 OF 15)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
Prevention:		መ ግርብ በኋብ	\$ (8,087)	\$ 262,164
Salaries and wages	\$ 291,843	\$ 299,930	10,701	90,365
Employee benefits	121,488	110,787	847	13,451
Services and supplies	14,663	13,816	047	10,401
	427,994	424,533	3,461	365,980
Warren Engine Co. No. 1				
Employee benefits		1,432	(1,432)	1,323
Services and supplies	33,485	35,494	(2,009)	21,325
	33,485 ···	36,926	(3,441)	22,648
Training				
Salaries and wages	132,733	177,764	(45,031)	87,807
Employee benefits	25,990	72,777	(46,787)	29,507
Services and supplies	61,424	55,978	5,446	43,773
Services and supplies				
	220,147	306,519	(86,372)	161,087
Total Fire	7,715,720	7,420,569	295,151	5,730,494
Corrections:				
Juvenile Probation:				
Salaries and wages	705,819	698,109	7,710	657,551
Employee benefits	339,099	322,413	16,686	308,146
Services and supplies	731,048	684,425	46,623	698,141
	1,775,966	1,704,947	71,019	1,663,838
Juvenile Detention:				
Salaries and wages	750,624	754,404	(3,780)	709,184
Employee benefits	271,380	250,102	21,278	225,676
Services and supplies	110,660	109,164	1,496	97,769
	1,132,664	1,113,670	18,994	1,032,629
Total Corrections	2,908,630	2,818,617	90,013	2,696,467
I UTAT COTTOCHOUS	200000000		<u> </u>	The second secon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 11 OF 15)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
		11010111	12 12 12 12 1	
Protective Services:				
Emergency Management:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 66,049	\$ 54,189		\$ 67,431
Employee benefits	25,766	18,965	6,801	23,698
Services and supplies	18,853	18,656	197	34,472
Total Protective Services	110,668	91,810	18,858	125,601
Total Public Safety	23,240,129	22,532,451	707,678	20,002,786
Judicial:				
Criminal - Civil Courts:				
District Court I:				
Salaries and wages	160,075	163,861	(3,786)	165,029
Employee benefits	64,447	61,980	2,467	61,333
Services and supplies	66,915	51,764	15,151	48,169
	291,437	277,605	13,832	274,531
District Court II:				
Salaries and wages	355,087	340,577	14,510	358,265
Employee benefits	138,764	130,021	8,743	121,618
Services and supplies	91,950	83,829	8,121	98,273
	585,801	554,427	31,374	578,156
Total Criminal - Civil Courts	877,238	832,032	45,206	852,687
Juvenile Court:	re Martinessa sa			
Salaries and wages	177,175	177,796	(621)	174,015
Employee benefits	60,960	59,185	1,775	55,859
Services and supplies	33,661	16,306	17,355	15,791
Total Juvenile Court	271,796	253,287	18,509	245,665
Justice Court:				
Salaries and wages	781,723	794,804	(13,081)	761,980
Employee benefits	305,306	296,296	9,010	274,729
Services and supplies	214,512	178,031	36,481	153,364
Capital outlay		7,009	(7,009)	<u></u>
Total Justice Court	1,301,541	1,276,140	25,401	1,190,073

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004)

(PAGE 12 OF 15)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
	DODGE	11010132	11 11 11 11 11	
Alternative Sentencing:		tan ayan basa		
Salaries and wages	\$ 420,727	\$ 409,957	\$ 10,770	\$ 237,972
Employee benefits	193,082	173,946	19,136	101,785
Services and supplies	21,979	39,124	(17,145)	28,873
Total Alternative Sentencing	635,788	623,027	12,761	368,630
Total Judicial	3,086,363	2,984,486	101,877	2,657,055
Public Works:				
Engineering / Public Works:				
Engineering:				
Salaries and wages	1,875,094	1,722,597	152,497	1,331,156
Employee benefits	625,722	563,443	62,279	413,704
Services and supplies	316,661	361,099	(44,438)	159,247
Capital outlay	223,456	28,449	195,007	224,240
Total Public Works	3,040,933	2,675,588	365,345	2,128,347
Health:			en e	
Public Health Administration:				
Salaries and wages	341,551	318,227	23,324	263,177
Employee benefits	124,855	103,051	21,804	83,889
Services and supplies	572,921	536,307	36,614	334,598
Total Public Health			egit jaar van de kastin. September 1985 – September 1985	
Administration	1,039,327	957,585	81,742	681,664
Animal Services:	200 000	100 000	27,158	205,715
Salaries and wages	220,830	193,672	27,136 20,549	69,487
Employee benefits	80,699	60,150	20,349 27,021	56,807
Services and supplies	100,083	73,062	21,021	- Cycoli
Total Animal Services	401,612	326,884	74,728	332,009
Total Health	1,440,939	1,284,469	156,470	1,013,673

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 13 OF 15)

	FINAL				
		UDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
Welfare:		**			
Salaries and wages	S	57,658	\$ 66,853	\$ (9,195)	\$ 51,218
Employee benefits		20,449	22,160	(1,711)	18,257
Services and supplies	-	353,846	342,940	10,906	261,582
Total Welfare		431,953	431,953	***************************************	331,057
Culture and Recreation:					
Parks:					
Parks and Recreation Administration:				n et de egyptistekking filosofie. Nederlande	
Salaries and wages	ing and the second seco	241,479	230,907	10,572	227,006
Employee benefits		96,353	89,511	6,842	76,017
Services and supplies		31,455	39,897	(8,442)	28,430
		369,287	360,315	8,972	331,453
Park Maintenance:	inger Marie		e de la compansión de la c		
Salaries and wages		715,716	711,702	4,014	687,242
Employee benefits		245,195	235,973	9,222	220,967
Services and supplies		707,724	629,386	78,338	608,168
Capital outlay		10,000	<u> </u>	10,000	6,625
		1,678,635	1,577,061	101,574	1,523,002
Grants, Gifts, and Donations:					
Salaries and wages	100	45,756	27,735	18,021	8,582
Employee benefits			1,104	(1,104)	1,081
Services and supplies		118,761	88,655	30,106	89,428
Capital outlay	*	257,500	24,202	233,298	·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	422,017	141,696	280,321	99,091
Total Parks		2,469,939	2,079,072	390,867	1,953,546
Participant Recreation:		100			
Community Center:					
Salaries and wages	, emergia	165,513	169,456	(3,943)	149,127
Employee benefits		40,434	37,386	3,048	27,881
Services and supplies	en e	101,650	101,502	148	110,514
		307,597	308,344	(747)	287,522
			et a constant	1 - 11.	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 14 OF 15)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
			and the second of the second o	ni da di mengalah di kecamatan di dalam di kecamatan di dalam di dalam di dalam di dalam di dalam di dalam di Periodonia di dalam d
Recreation:			e (00.010)	\$ 583,710
Salaries and wages	\$ 621,044	\$ 644,257		\$ 583,710 109,448
Employee benefits	140,474	137,565	2,909	187,034
Services and supplies	247,099	217,369	29,730	107,024
Capital outlay	11,329	11,329	<u> </u>	
나는 발표 항상 가능하고 있다고 있는데 그		1 010 500	9,426	880,192
	1,019,946	1,010,520	2,420	000,000
Swimming Pool:				
Salaries and wages	432,390	390,273	42,117	380,126
Employee benefits	86,471	86,220	251	69,918
Services and supplies	292,240	264,970	27,270	210,435
Dor, took day Juppico				
	811 <u>,101</u>	741,463	69,638	660,479
Sports:			(10.422)	112,683
Salaries and wages	110,887	121,509	(10,622)	20,206
Employee benefits	22,779	23,589	(810)	91,468
Services and supplies	105,450	118,687	(13,237)	72,700
	239,116	263,785	(24,669)	224,357
	237,110	200,100		
Total Participant				
Recreation	2,377,760	2,324,112	53,648	2,052,550
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
ony Express Pavilion:			ኃ ደረሰ	
Salaries and wages	2,500	garagini katang terapa	2,500	
Employee benefits	150	-	150	17,492
Services and supplies	19,650	11,217	8,433	114422
	<u> </u>	11,217	11,083	17,492
	22,300	11,21	11,00	
ibrary:				
Salaries and wages	903,550	889,766	13,784	821,600
Employee benefits	343,939	336,712	7,227	310,749
Services and supplies	328,459	290,054	38,405	275,221
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1 107 670
그들 프로그램 그 그는 그는 그는 그 그리고 그	1,575,948	1,516,532	59,416	1,407,570
Total Culture and		≃ند مختصص س	esie ma a	5,431,158
Recreation	6,445,947	5,930,933	515,014	2,431,133

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004) (PAGE 15 OF 15)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2004
Community Support:				
Support Services:				
Services and supplies	\$ 385,300	\$ 381,162	\$ 4,138	\$ 5,082,334
Economic Opportunity:				
Economic Development:				FX 450
Salaries and wages	115,104	118,650	(3,546)	71,439
Employee benefits	39,410	45,119	(5,709)	23,363
Services and supplies	504,946	178,618	326,328	68,477
Total Economic Opportunity	659,460	342,387	317,073	163,279
				an nan nan
Total Expenditures	51,303,900	48,576,019	2,727,881	47,810,836
Excess (Deficiency) of	. •		2 - 4 - 4 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	
Revenues over				
Expenditures	1,877,352	5,861,019	3,983,667	1,205,430
	<u> </u>			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sales of surplus property	20,000	4,513	(15,487)	29,780
Bonds issued		•		4,150,000
Capital leases	78,740	85,749	7,009	
Transfers in (out):			المعاط فالساطة	
Quality of Life Fund	177,070	140,914	(36,156)	101,415
Capital Acquisition and	and the second s			
Development Fund	28,250	28,250		ا چەرسى دارىدار
Supplemental Indigent Fund	(220,000)	(220,000)	*	(214,555)
Senior Citizens Fund				(229,500)
Capital Facilities Fund	(1,075,000)	(1,075,000)		
Capital Acquisition and				4 000 000
Development Fund	(2,135,089)	(2,135,089)		(1,200,000)
Capital Projects Fund	200 - E			(50,500)
Carson City Debt Service				mar mark
Fund	(1,071,138)	(1,071,138)	*	(736,925)
Insurance Fund	(750,000)	(750,000)	office and in the term and Annual of the term and the term	
Stabilization Fund	(900,000)	(900,000)		-
Carson City Transit Fund	(303,600)	(303,600)		(303,600)
Contingency	(495,924)		495,924	
Discount on bonds issued	<u> </u>	H		(79,978)
Total Other Financing	in the engage of president		Tagas Tagas	
Sources (Uses)	(6,646,691)	(6,195,401)	451,290	1,466,137
Someth (Oses)	(0,070,021)	(O)170,TV1)	4019200	2,100,10
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,769,339)	(334,382)	4,434,957	2,671,567
Fund Balances, July I	11,933,363	11,933,363		9,261,796
	A M	A 144 MAD DOS	ф 4 15 1 DE	m 13 000 000
Fund Balances, June 30	<u>\$ 7,164,024</u>	\$ 11,598,981	\$ 4,434,957	\$ 11,933,363